TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
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Victoria Times.

C. E. Jones Chemist always 36 Govt. St.

VOL. 21 VICTORIA B. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1895 No. 45

General Excellence of Stock
Strict Attention to Business

These are the two levers that are pushing our business along during this dull spell. When you want anything in the jewelry line or repairing on watches and jewelry, come to our store till we prove this assertion.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government Street, Opposite Bank of B. C.

ART DRAPING....

Very choice new Japanese Art Drapes opened this day at

THE WESTSIDE

Also Lace Curtains in beautiful designs at a very low price.

SEE WINDOW.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Special Sale

In order to make room for NEW GOODS to arrive soon we will hold a SPECIAL CLEARANCE SALE for two weeks at SURPRISINGLY LOW PRICES.

A. Gregg & Son,

TAILORS 62 YATES STREET

If your Grocer is out of

Keewatin
....Flour....

INSIST on his getting it for you and TAKE NO OTHER.

MARRIED TO HIS SEVENTH WIFE.

A Pauper 93 Years Old Weds a Girl of Only 16.

One of the most remarkable marriages ever witnessed in Kentucky was solemnized in this county Friday when Colonel Cody Bourne wedded Miss Rose Brown, says a Lawrenceburg, Ky., dispatch to the Chicago Herald. He has passed his ninety-third year, while his bride is but a few days over sixteen. She is the seventh woman that has stood before the Colonel and has promised to love, honor and obey him. The bride is the daughter of Jackson Brown, of the Shiloh neighborhood, this county. Until last fall Colonel Bourne was an inmate of the Anderson County poor house, where he had been confined for ten years. His life is full of sensational situations. In the thirties he defied fate as a Texas Ranger, when he was known as "Fleet-Foot Cody," a title he earned because of his proneness to walk or run for miles rather than go on horseback or in the stage coaches. Leaving Texas shortly before the Mexican war, Colonel Bourne walked through the country to this county, some years later enlisting in the Union army and fighting to the end of the civil war. At the close he came back to Lawrenceburg. He was so infirm and poverty stricken that the authorities gave him a home in the poor house. He had been married four time previous to his entrance there in 1885. Soon after he became of the the country paupers he married one of the inmates of the almshouse, who lived but a few years. Colonel Bourne repeated this matrimonial venture by eloping with another inmate and walking to Indiana on a bridal tour. On their way they met a preacher who performed the ceremony on the public highway. The wedding was continued through the boosier state, Colonel Bourne and bride returning a few months later to the poor house. This wife was Madge Booth, who afterwards went crazy and died in the Lexington asylum. Thus the present Mrs. Bourne, the child-wife, is his seventh spouse.

HIGH HAT PROHIBITION.

Chicago Papers Criticize the Action of the California Legislature.

Chicago, Feb. 22.—The Post has the following editorial: "The California legislature is the first to put in force the rage of the matinee man, in the high theatre hat. It has passed a law forbidding the wearing of hats in places of public amusement and providing a fine of $50 for a violation. What a silly thing this California law is. What puerile notion of their position must these assemblymen entertain who fancy their duties comprehend a censorship over dress. In other times and other countries laws were seriously enacted forbidding this class or that class from wearing beards or allowing their hair to grow long or appearing in public in certain colors or donning blouses of a certain style or boots of a certain length. But one would think that Americans of this century had gone beyond this sort of experimenting.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.—South American Rheumatic Cure, for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Morrison, druggist.

DAVIE HAS BEEN APPOINTED

Order-in-Council Appointing Him Passed at Yesterday's Cabinet Meeting.

Lord Aberdeen To-Day Signed the Document Making Him Chief Justice.

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—All that is wanted now to make the appointment of Premier Davie of British Columbia Chief Justice of the province in place of the late Sir Matthew Baillie Begbie is the signature of Lord Aberdeen. The order in council was passed yesterday at a meeting of the cabinet. It is reported here that Lieut.-Governor Dewdney will likely resign his position and enter the legislature as premier. It is said here that Daly will be the next lieut.-governor of British Columbia.

Another dispatch from Ottawa says: There was another cabinet council yesterday, lasting two hours. Premier Davie of British Columbia was appointed chief justice of that province.

Later.—Lord Aberdeen arrived from Montreal this afternoon and signed Davie's appointment.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Items of Interest from Places in the Eastern Provinces.

Montreal, Feb. 22.—It is announced that Lord and Lady Aberdeen may prolong their stay in Montreal indefinitely.

The binder twine manufacturers of the Dominion have decided on a reduction of prices.

Winnipeg, Feb. 22.—At the session of the legislature yesterday R. H. Myers, member for Minnedosa, advised the government, of which he is a supporter, to co-operate with the Dominion government in advancing the interests of the Hudson Bay railway. He said this was the proper course to look for relief from the present high freight rates.

THE PACIFIC CABLE.

Canada Commended for the Manner in Which She Has Taken It up.

London, Feb. 22.—The Morning Post says: "If Great Britain and Australia have done nothing practical towards securing the Pacific cable, Canada has more than fulfilled the task she undertook. She virtually has solved the problem whether it shall be a government concern or be left in the hands of a company. Mr. Sandford Fleming's weighty memoranda show the conscientious manner in which Canada has carried out her trust to the letter. There is every reason to make Fanning Island the first station. The adoption of Bird and Neckar Islands would be an error that might lead to serious consequences. If Mr. Fleming can prove to the commission which, it is understood, will meet in London, that the imperial guarantee will not increase the demands upon the British exchequer and that the Australian colonies will be willing and ready to contribute their shares, he will have done a great work, which should place him in the front rank of colonial statesmen." The Post attacks the Australasian colonies for trying to impress on the mother country the importance of a connecting link for the benefit of the empire and then hesitating to perform their share. This course, says the writer, shows a want of patriotism.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

Celebrated With the Usual Enthusiasm in Different Cities of the Union.

New York, Feb. 22.—Washington's birthday is being generally observed. The weather is clear but cold. The display of flags and bunting is greater than on any previous day.

San Francisco, Feb. 22.—The council of the junior order of American Mechanics of this city, Oakland and San Jose celebrated the day by a parade of several thousand men, which was followed by exercises at Woodward's Gardens. William H. Barnes delivered the oration.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 22.—Washington's birthday is being more elaborately celebrated here to-day than it has been for a number of years.

Chicago, Feb. 22.—Washington's birthday is being generally observed. The Union League celebrated the day at the Auditorium. Archbishop Ireland was the orator.

"Tired Nature's Sweet Restorer,

Balmy sleep" is often disturbed by fits of coughing. LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE insures a good night's rest.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists,
Sole Agents, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

MONEY TO LOAN

In large or small amounts on approved security.

MORROW, HOLLAND & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—Between View and Vancouver Sts., late last evening, a little girl's double cape, black and grey. Finder will confer a favor by leaving it at the Times office or 29 Beechy street. feb22-1t

WANTED—A servant girl. Apply 80 Superior street.

LOOKS LIKE AN ELECTION

The Government Make Confidential Promises to the Catholics of Manitoba.

Members of the Cabinet Scattered All Over Dominion Booming Themselves.

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—The premier leaves to-day for Tweed, in North Hastings.

A new government candidate has been chosen in West Hastings.

A French-Canadian politician, who is well posted by Conservative friends, said that the government, after hearing Ewart repeat his address on the school question of a year ago, will pass an order in council re-enacting the judgment of the judicial committee and stating that the governor-general in council hoped that the Manitoba authorities will take cognizance of the reasonable mode of settlement. They will then issue the election writs and give the bishops private but written pledges that if sustained at the polls remedial legislation will be submitted to parliament.

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—Dr. Lefevre, of Vancouver, was here on his way to England. He had an interview with the premier.

La Minerve, the government organ in Quebec, says that Bowell has pledged himself to the Roman Catholic hierarchy to give remedial legislation to the Roman Catholics in Manitoba. The editor of La Minerve, Hon. Joseph Royal, was here a couple of days ago on this matter.

Collingwood, Feb. 22.—Hon. N. C. Wallace and W. R. Ives addressed two meetings in the opera house here. Mr. Ives surprised the audience by announcing that the general election would not take place for some months and when it does come off the people would not need their overcoats. The addresses at the meetings were wholly devoted to the national policy. As this is Dalton McCarthy's riding there was considerable feeling expressed at the afternoon meeting among the audience by interrupting the speaker's whenever Mr. McCarthy's name was mentioned.

Montreal, Feb. 22.—At a caucus of French Conservatives presided over by Hon. Mr. Ouimet a conclusion was reached that it was absolutely necessary to forego a session before the election.

At Montreal Mr. Ouimet explained that no date for the elections can be fixed until the government has finally received official notification from the Manitoba government on the position to be taken by them regarding the school question.

Winnipeg, Feb. 22.—At the Liberal convention held at Brandon yesterday C. W. Speers, of Griswold, was placed on the field for the Selkirk constituency to oppose Hon. Thomas Daly. It is expected that Speers will make a good run. He is well informed, an excellent speaker, a farmer, and resides near Griswold. He is well known throughout the riding, having carried on farming operations and dealt largely in cattle as an exporter.

Napanee, Feb. 21.—At the annual meeting of the Lennox Reform association D. W. Allison, M. P., announced his retirement in favor of the Patron candidate.

FIRE HAS COMPLETE CONTROL

Hot Springs, Arizona, Completely Swept by the Fire Fiend This Morning.

Eight Lives Known to Have Been Lost and Many Persons Are Missing.

Hot Springs, Feb. 22.—A great fire is raging in this city. Eight persons are reported to have been burned to death.

The fire originated in the business portion of the city and spread rapidly. At 10 o'clock, four hours after the time the flames were discovered, every business house and a number of boarding houses and residences were burned. It is now known that eight people have perished, and it is believed that this number will be exceeded. The victims thus far are the inmates of boarding houses. A number of hotels are threatened. The guests are panic stricken and are hurriedly leaving. The loss will exceed a million.

The fire was under control at 11 o'clock. Ten business houses, twenty-five dwellings and fifty bath houses were burned. The hotels are out of danger.

Twenty persons are now reported missing and three are known to be dead.

POISONED AT THE SHOW.

A Disappointed Exhibitor Vents His Spleen on His Successful Rivals.

New York, Feb. 22.—Eight dogs were poisoned with strichnine in the dog show this morning. It is believed to be the result of jealousy among exhibitors of pet dogs. All the dogs belonged to Mrs. Lenn and some were prize winners in the King Charles and Japanese spaniel classes. Mrs. Lenn placed the loss at $1,500. She is almost heartbroken. Detectives are investigating. There is almost a panic among the other exhibitors.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

NEWS OF THE OLD WORD

The Plague Influenza is Again Raging Throughout the British Isles.

Trouble Between French and American Officials in Tamative Expected.

London, Feb. 22.—Advices from Tamatave say the French are incensed against ex-United States Consul Waller, believing his representations caused the United States government to withdraw its instructions to the new consul, Mr. Wetter, to recognition through a French resident. It is related that just before the French occupation of Tamatave French soldiers entered the house where Waller stopped and threatened him with a knife. Waller seized a chair and threatened that he would brain one of the soldiers if he came a step farther. The soldiers then left. Waller reported the matter to the United States consul.

Influenza is prevalent throughout England.

The Russian imperial minister of finance purposes encouraging the production of cotton in Russia. Growers are to receive working capital as loans and spinners and weavers are to obtain the means of purchasing the cotton when produced.

The new United States loan was quotted to-day at 1 1-2 premium.

A dispatch to the Globe says the Russian Mediterranean squadron has been ordered to the far east.

The general assembly of the German chamber of commerce has adopted a resolution declaring its adherence to the single standard monetary system and regretting the adoption of the bi-metallic proposal by the reichstag and asserting that the whole economic system of Germany will be injured by a change in the present monetary system.

Paris newspapers print a report that Col. Monteil has been surprised and attacked by natives at Grand Bessan on the African Gold coast and three hundred killed. The retreat of the remaining half of the force is said to be cut off.

Sir John Lubbock has announced his intention to ask the government to publish the correspondence respecting the matter of colonial copyright.

One of the mail bags of the Elbe was brought to Folkestone to-day.

The Daily Chronicle says: "Although America is peculiarly the land of pouler oratory she had few orators of greater power, finer feeling and more persuasive magnetism than Douglass."

The captain of the Crathie, which sank the Elbe, has been fined for violation of the navigation rules.

An Odessa dispatch says the town of Koutchat has been swallowed by an earthquake. Several thousand persons perished. This is believed to be another version of the earthquakes reported some time ago in the town of Kuchanin, by which two thousand people were reported killed.

London, Feb. 22.—The lord mayor presided at a meeting in the Mansion house for the purpose of raising a fund for the purchase of Carlyle's house. Among those who attended was Ambassador Bayard, who paid an eloquent and touching tribute to the memory of Carlyle. A number of others spoke in praise of Carlyle.

A Paris dispatch says in the deputies to-day the reported massacre of French troops on the African Gold coast was denied. A deputation of the deputies and senators called on the minister of agriculture to-day and demanded the prohibition of the importation of American cattle.

THE GOLDEN STATE.

Native Sons Lay the Corner Stone of their New Building.

Los Angeles, Feb. 22.—Marco Hellman, the young man who shot himself a few days ago, is now dying. He has been at the police station hospital since the shooting. An effort was made to-day to remove him home, but the physicians say he will die before night, and sooner if removed.

W. A. Majors, the negro Pullman porter shot at the the Arcade last night by E. C. Bryant, another negro, died this morning from the effects of his wounds.

San Francisco, Feb. 22.—The corner stone of the new building of the Native Sons of the Golden West on Mason street between Geary and Post, was laid with appropriate exercises this morning. Previous to laying the stone there was a grand parade in which the various local parlors of the Native Sons and several parlors from San Jose and Oakland, the Second brigade National Guard, a naval battalion, veterans of the Mexican war, veteran firemen and other organizations took part. Thousands of people lined the route of the procession, and a vast crowd was present at the exercises. J. D. Sproul, grand president of the order, officiated, and Joseph E. O'Donnell delivered the oration.

Arrangements have been completed between the University of California Boating Association and Columbia club for a four oared race to take place on April 27th. It is the first time the university has ever made an effort to be represented by a crew on water. The race will be over a four mile course.

Are you tired out, do you have that tired feeling or sick headache? You can be relieved by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

NEWS OF OUR NEIGHBORS

The Day's Doings in the Various States on the Other Side of the Line.

Capt. Kolb of Alabama Still Anxious to be Recognized as Governor.

New Orleans, Feb. 22.—Among the sad casualties of the snow storm was the freezing to death of a party of hunters in the woods about nineteen miles below New Orleans. Four men set out for a day's hunting in the woods under the guidance of a colored guide. When the party did not return the next day a searching party went out and after much difficulty in struggling through the snow drifts the four unfortunate men were found frozen to death.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 22.—A large real estate deal in Cambridgeport was made public yesterday whereby Henry M. Whitney has conveyed to Edwin Ginn and other trustees about 80,000 square feet of land on First street. It is said that Messrs. Ginn and company, the the school book publishing house, will construct on this property the most extensive school book publishing plant in New England, involving a total investment of three hundred thousand dollars. On the westerly half of the land Mr. Ginn has a project for the erection of modern houses for employees of the firm, most of whom are skilled workmen.

Bradford, Pa., Feb. 22.—A peculiar sequel to the Eden disaster and the death by drowning of Fannie Drucher, whose sister resides here, came in the shape of a letter from the father of the girl, who lives in the interior of Hungary. The letter asks if Fannie arrived safely and why no word has been sent to that effect. The elder Miss Drucher had not heard a word of the surviving sister to acquaint the father with the fate of the lost daughter.

Grove City, Pa., Feb. 22.—Prohibitists made an experiment Tuesday that resulted favorably. They nominated Miss Mattie Johnson and Mrs. J. M. Martin for the three years term of school directors. They were elected, polling a larger vote than the rest of their ticket and ran away ahead of the winning Republicans who captured everything else. Miss Johnson and Mrs. Martin have advanced views of the new education.

Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 22.—The Birmingham Tribune, Captain Kolb's newspaper and conducted by his son, publishes the following: "The Tribune is not the mouthpiece of Governor Kolb. When he appears in these columns he signs his name to what he says. But it has knowledge of his purpose. He will act if the people will stand by him. Will they do it? Let every good citizen who is ready and willing to uphold the law and recognize the people's chosen leaders, send his name to the Tribune and a test will be made. You must make the beginning or change your clamor for or you must quail ignominiously before your duty. The dry rot is upon you or your restored liberties are with you at your own free will. Choose your path." There is talk that Kolb will again pose as governor.

St. Louis, Feb. 22.—The employees of the Merchants' Exchange were required to appear in uniform yesterday. Some practical jokers prepared a fools-cap and flowing streamers and queer inscriptions for President Thomas Booth. The dignified official was called into the grain pit at noon and trader Alexander Smith declared him. Shouts of laughter and cries of "Shame" were evenly divided. Booth was furiously angry and would not listen to Smith's explanation. Business was almost suspended and a special meeting of the directors was held and Smith was required to make a public apology to the president and the exchange as a body on Saturday next at noon from the rostrum, which he agreed to do. Mr. Smith is ex-president of the exchange and was recently defeated for re-election.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 22.—A little Maltese cat is beating her way around the world without the expenditure of a cent. A tag attached to a cord around her neck tells the story thus: "Came on board at Minn. on my trip around the world. Please take the best of care of your passenger." Boston thence to New York steamer. Kitty. From Minneapolis kitty came over the Soo line to Montreal via the Hartford railroad and Fall River line. On arrival in New York she will be transferred to some ocean steamer.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 22.—While the mangled body of a boy was pinned beneath the trucks of a trolley car last night, women who had attended the service in old Slavsness church near by, came out, and kneeling on the pavement prayed that his life might be spared. Before the little fellow was removed they were joined by men and women from the congregation of St. George's Methodist church and in a long semi-circle they all sent up fervent prayers while a tremendous crowd gathered. The parents of the boy, whose name was Willie Jones, were among those who knelt, and it was not until the dead body of the little fellow was released that the learned who the victims was. When the kneeling women were told that the boy was dead a prayer was offered for the repose of his soul.

TROUBLE IN ALEXANDRIA.

Symptoms That Recall to Mind the Massacres of 1882.

London, Feb. 21.—A dispatch to the Times from Cairo says: The menacing aspect of affairs in Alexandria continues to occupy public attention. Threats of vengeance are freely uttered. The recent change of the garrison is considered to favor the chances of public disturbance, while the large influx of Bedouins in the outskirts of the city during the last week is a disquieting feature. All these symptoms recall those that heralded the massacres of 1882. For some time one of the Khedive's proteges, whose patriotism has been stimulated by dismissal from the government service, has been busy among the Bedouins, distributing the khedival largesse and recruiting a body guard for the Khedive's person. That the dangerous agitation has been artfully provoked is evident from the contrast Alexandria presents to the complete tranquility and contentment prevailing throughout the rest of Egypt since the formation of the ministry of Nubar Pasha.

JAMES' MOTION DEFEATED.

It Comes a Long Way From Defeating the Rosebery Government.

London, Feb. 21.—During the discussion on Sir Henry James' motion regarding the Indian cotton duties, Right Hon. E. J. Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer in the last Salisbury cabinet, advised the house to think twice what effect the decision about to be made would have in India. He felt, he said, that there had not been sufficient co-operation between India and the home government. The debate ought to be followed by an earnest and persistent effort to bring the Lancashire and Indian opinions closer. If the difference was only one of tariffs a compromise certainly would be obtained.

Sir William Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, said the government would not hesitate for a moment to support the decision required by the best interests of India regardless of the effect upon the Liberal party. He could only regret that the house had been forced in this matter to consider a motion rendering necessary what must assume the character of a party vote. The government were ready to meet the issue fairly and squarely, and without delay. If defeated they would feel that there was no cause for which they could fall more worthily. It would be unfortunate, however, if the vote should leave on the minds of the people of India the lasting impression that they could not hope for justice from England.

In some quarters the opinion is that the government will resign at once if defeated on the issue of cotton duties. Probably the limits to which the government will go with a view of retaining the votes of the Lancashire Liberals will be decided at a cabinet meeting to-morrow.

The Daily Chronicle discusses Henry James' motion in a leader headed: "The government in danger; a possible dissolution." The writer says: "Mr. Balfour, who at first was disinclined to challenge a division on the cotton duties issue has, it is said, been influenced by Mr. Chamberlain to try to overthrow the government on any issue whatever. If the Tories, under the leadership of Mr. Balfour, choose to adopt this policy of alarm and panic-stricken selfishness, by all means let them come into office on the most inglorious policy with which the great English party was ever identified."

In the division Sir Henry James' motion was defeated by a vote of 304 to 169.

ANTI-CIGARETTE BILL.

California Fiends Will Have To Do Without the Weed.

Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 20.—The bill to prevent the manufacture, sale or other distribution of cigarettes has passed both houses of the legislature and was today sent to the governor for his approval. The senate passed the bill by an unanimous vote, and in the assembly today it passed by a vote of 54 to 12. It is believed that Governor Budd will approve the measure.

BUILDING GUNS.

A Swede's Plan for Giving a Twist to Balls from a Smoothbore.

The very heavy cost of modern guns is largely due to the time and labor which are necessarily expended upon the operation of rifling them. The material itself is relatively cheap, and a rifled gun besides being much more costly, is, other things being equal, more short-lived than a smoothbore. It is almost impossible so to make the gun and the projectile that the soft driving bands of the latter shall, at the moment of discharge, accurately fit into the grooves and bands of the bore, and allow no gases to pass ahead. When these gases do pass ahead of the projectile they score and damage the interior of the gun; and where the new powders are used and the gases of combustion attain an enormous degree of heat the process of deterioration, especially in weapons of large calibre, is often very rapid.

A Swedish engineer, W. T. Unge, has devised a method whereby he hopes to save, not only the cost of rifling, but also the interior wear and tear for which rifling is responsible. He proposes to construct all guns with smoothbores, and to fit the projectiles with gas checks, which shall render it practically impossible for any gases to rush past them. In order to convey to the projectile an axially rotary motion, such as is at present conveyed to it by the action of the rifling, he has invented a mechanical arrangement which, at the instant of firing, gives to the gun itself a rotary motion. This may be either constant or increased. He has satisfied himself that the effect upon the projectile is exactly the same as is produced by the constant or increased twist of an ordinary rifled gun; and he is of the opinion that the adoption of his system, while giving equal or even improved accuracy of fire, will reduce the cost of heavy guns by half and add enormously to their endurance.—Chicago Times.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

GOOD,
BAD,
INDIFFERENT.

There are many kinds of matches offered, but you can't always rely on the recommendation of the grocer.

Since the introduction of match-making in Canada, E. B. Eddy's Matches have been associated with excellence and merit.

AN AFRICAN RAID.

Royal Niger Company's Headquarters Raided Last Month.

Liverpool, Feb. 21.—Mail dispatches from West Africa give details of the native raid on the Royal Niger Company's headquarters at Akassa last month. The natives captured Mr. Wyse, chief of the company's printing works, and took him to Nimbia, where they beheaded him. It is believed that a large number of the company's native employees were killed or captured. It is understood a British advance upon Nimbia is imminent.

MONKEYS OF APES' HILL.

Supposed to Have Invaded Gibraltar by a Submarine Passage.

One of the most popular yarns in Gibraltar relates to the monkeys which are supposed to have come over hundred's of years ago from Apes' Hill, in Morocco. Some say that there used to be a submarine passageway through which they crossed, and by means of which they make their escape nowadays when hard pressed by those incredulous people who wish to scale the steep cliffs and ascertain for themselves whether or not there is a colony of simians at the summit.

The guides tell wonderful yarns about them and even go so far as to say that they have been pelted with stones by the monkeys. One officer said that he saw two of them on the window-sill of his bathroom when he went to take his morning's dip. Diligent inquiry revealed the fact that a dinner party had been attended the evening before which had lasted almost until the aforementioned tubbing time. At the dinner it was said that at one time apes were abundant on the rock, but persecution had reduced them to between a dozen and a score, and that these are strictly cared for by the sergeant in charge of the signal station, who keeps a book in which is recorded the doings of his protegés.

Indeed, so few in number are these monkeys that people often live on the rock for months without seeing one; and on the other hand, any morning they may be seen plundering the gardens on the slope or taking a tithe of the grapes in the governor's summer cottage away out toward the extreme end of the rock. Yet in old, it is said, they sometimes boldly crowded on board ships, until, in terror of the invasion, the masters cut their cable and made for sea.—Correspondence Chicago Record.

MR. GEO. MERRETT
Toronto, Ontario.

As Well as Ever

After Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cured of a Serious Disease.

"I was suffering from what is known as Bright's disease for five years, and for days at a time I have been unable to straighten myself up. I was in bed for three weeks; during that time I had leeches applied and derived no benefit. Seeing Hood's Sarsaparilla advertised in the papers I decided to try a bottle. I found relief before I had finished taking half of a bottle. I got so much help from taking the first bottle that I decided to try another, and since taking the second bottle I feel as well as ever I did in my life." GEO. MERRETT, Toronto, Ont.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy of action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

EDUCATIONAL.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

[feb13 s.m.t&w 1y]

REOPENING MONDAY, JANUARY 7th.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

WE ARE... CLEARING OUT.....

The Following Lines of

CORSETS

At Greatly Reduced Prices:

BLACK SATIN CORSETS reduced from $1 to 75c.

FRENCH STEAM MOULDED CORSETS reduced from $1.75 to $1.

BLUE COUTILLE CORSETS reduced from $1.25 to 75c.

BLACK SATEEN CORSETS reduced from $2.50 to $175.

COLORED SATIN CORSETS reduced from $2.75 to $1.75.

Also small quantities of other makes at same reduction.

NEEDLE BOOKS worth 10c. reduced to 5c

WHITE EMBROIDERIES 5 inches wide at 12½c. a yard.

WHITE STRIPED MUSLINS 10c. a yard, best value in city.

A large quantity of Remnants of Dresss Goods very cheap.

J. Horner & Co.

Do You Keep Hens?

STURTEVANT'S IMPERIAL EGG FOOD
Will Make Your Hens Lay.

STURTEVANT'S ROUP PILLS,

F. C. Sturtevant, Hartford, Conn.

J. Sluggett & Co.,

Having gone into the Dairy Business, we are able to supply good and fresh Milk from the Saanich Dairy. Morning and evening delivery. Other farm produce also supplied.

Leave orders at office, 24 Hillside Ave.,

GROCERIES.

We offer our Canned Goods at prices as reasonable as the goods are inviting. The following are some we wish to call your attention: Chelsea Table Jellies in tins, Keiller's (Dundee) Marmalade and Jellies, and Odell & Morris' Jams in 5-pound pails.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for It. Have no other

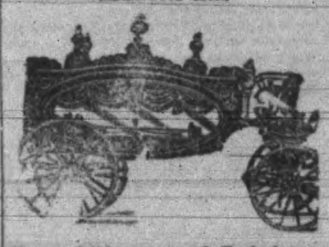
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

Photo Engraving
AND ZINC ETCHING,
In Line and Half Tone.
Reproductions of Portraits, Buildings, Letters, Etc.

Jones,
50 1-2 Government Street, - Victoria, B. C.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)



Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

FUEL.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,

EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 566. nov8-tf

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Book Binder, Paper Ruler, & Manufacturing Stationer

32 LANGLEY STREET.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates those organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed in stamp. $1.25 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT WORKS

Reports From Engineers Stickels and Cartmel on the Plant and Works.

Altercation Between Ald. Bragg and McMillan Over Electric Light Matters.

The usual serious and business like demeanor of the city council was ruffled last night by an altercation between Ald. Bragg and Ald. McMillan, when Ald. Bragg stigmatized the sayings of Ald. McMillan as lies, and some bad language was used by the two north ward councillors.

It was shortly after 7 when the council convened.

City Electrician McMicking reported that the wire was on hand to complete the electric light circuit. The cost would be $950.

Ald. Humphrey's by-law to amend the sewerage connection by-law was put through committee and reported.

Electrical Engineer Stickels in his lengthy report on the electric light plant said he made up his estimates of the plant as follows:

Steam plant complete, including line shaft, belts, etc., all set up, $14,000; line work, $12,000; dynamos and lamps, $11,000; building and site and all extras, $18,000; total, $55,000. The cost of steam plant has been: Engines, boilers, heaters, pumps, condensers and piping, set up, $11,500; line shaft, $1975; extra piping necessary by extension of wharf, auxiliary to condenser, belts, extra pipe caused by the moving of the engine four feet, and heaters, $518; total cost of steam plant, $13,993. The cost of the present building was $9997. It had cost $772 more to build the station than was estimated owing to clearing away the rock. The line work will probably overrun the estimate $1500, the excess being caused by the cheap grade of work hitherto done on the city's lines. "I supposed when I took charge of the construction," the report reads, "that the city had some line that could be used, requiring but little repair; so far I have found but two blocks that I could utilize, and I would not have been able to use that if it had not come in on a loop. It was not good enough for the main line." Mr. Stickels further says that as he could find no record as to the pole lines he had great difficulty in tracing the city's wires. "As a result if any one set up a claim to a city pole the city could not prove its ownership unless it could bring forward the men who had put it up." The lamp drops are put on in the cheapest manner, leading wires are secured to a common porcelain knob that in many places the leakage is so great that the isolation has been burned off the wire. Nearly a third of the lights are out in wet weather, as they are short circuited. He finds other faults which he says could have been guarded against, such as broken insulators, and the line is mixed up with every other system in the city. All the old line had to be torn out and new construction put in.

Returning to the estimates, the report states that while the cost of site and improvements is estimated at $5900, the council decided to purchase a site costing $12,300, or with extras $13,245, or $7,245 over the estimates. It had been the intention of the committee to so manage the funds as to have enough left over to pay the difference in exchange between the two old Ball dynamos and three new Wood 60 light dynamos and lamps. This would have given 300 lamps capacity against 225, the capacity of the old plant, and two new dynamos. This would have been a gain of 65 lamps and would have given only one system to operate, instead of two, as at present, and besides all the circuits would have been interchangeable. He quoted Professor S. P. Thompson, the English electrician, to show that the Ball system was inferior to the Wood.

The cost of operating the plant last year is given as $97.45 per annum per lamp, running five and a quarter hours per day, while the new system this year is estimated to cost $89.76 per annum, running ten hours per day, plus interest and sinking fund, which would not increase the annual cost over $10 per lamp. The depreciation of the plant for the next five years would not be over one per cent., the pole line not more than five per cent. per annum for five years or for ten years, on plant 1 3-4 per cent., and on line 8 per cent. A recommendation on the ground of economy is made to purchase all supplies for the year on one tender. The report says no system has been hitherto followed in handling supplies, which has resulted in unnecessary waste and destruction of property, and suggestions are made to remedy this defect. It is recommended to provide two horses, to enable the lamp trimmers to make their rounds expeditiously. Private corporations using city poles should, it is said, be compelled to put up cross arms on which to string wires. This would go far towards straightening up the wire tangle. Mr. Stickels closes his report by advising the city to take up the question of house wiring, as fully 75 per cent. of the wiring in the city is leaky. Private wires ought to be under proper inspection.

The electric light committee reported that the $3100 estimate for the finishing of the electric light plant did not include the architect's fees. The sum altogether would be about $4000. Engineer Stickels had so reported to the committee.

Engineer Cartmel reported on the efficiency of the electric light works as follows:

Victoria, B.C., February 21, 1895.
To the Worshipful the Mayor and Council.

Gentlemen: Since forwarding my previous report, I have made further inspection of the electric lighting plant, particularly the line shaft, pulleys, etc., and as my instructions request me "to point out any defects or incompleteness in said plant," I beg to report as follows:

On examining the line shaft I found it to be a bar of rolled steel of inferior manufacture, shaft 27 feet long, driven from one end, and intended to transmit 300 horse power, ought to be of hammered steel 6 1-2 inches in diameter for the first half of its length, and 5 1-2 for the remainder; and these ought to have been the quality of the one specified. The one supplied is, in some places, pitted, and in others laminated; in one place especially near the end and under the outside bearing, it is so flaky that it cannot be used without its being either turned smaller or the defective part cut out and a new piece "dove-tailed" in its place. The quality of the material seems to be fairly good, and, as with the number of dynamos to be placed on it at present, it will not be required to transmit more than 2-3 the power of the engine; and as it is shaft is 2-3 the sectional area of the one I have indicated; and as also the specification of the shaft simply mentions steel, without any definition of its quality; and as further, the pulleys, bearings, pedestals, etc., appear to comply with the specification, I would recommend their acceptance under the following conditions: That the shaft be put in a lathe, and turned down the length of the bearing till all the defective part is removed; and a new bearing be supplied in the place of the present one. As this is at the extreme outer end, and there is no power to transmit, it can be turned down two inches or more with the slightest detriment. From this outer end it gradually improves till at the driving end it is apparently quite sound. As all the bearings are lined with Babbitt metal, which through neglect or accident may heat and run out, I consider it highly essential that there be a spare one, so that no time may be lost by removal and replacement. The one displaced to be retained as "spare gear," and that the Wm. Hamilton Company supply a new one for the outer end at pare cost. The whole apparatus being guaranteed for a year.

By the present arrangement it is intended to bed the pedestals for supporting the shaft on two logs of timber 12 inches deep set on concrete longitudinally with the shaft and as these will shrink about 3-4 of an inch during a period of nearly two years, the line shaft will never be kept concentric with the engine shaft, but a constant source of trouble and stoppages. I would strongly urge the removal of these timbers and the concrete under them. The space should be filled with first-class concrete in which the bolting bolts should be anchored in their proper positions from templets. This would form a firm, unsurmountable and durable bed, as well as a clean floor under the shaft. I would point out the desirability (if it were possible) of the Wm. Hamilton Company being permitted to tender for the whole of the work, including the concrete, in order that they might complete their own work, and thereby tend towards the most satisfactory results, especially as their representative has had much experience in that class of work.

I have ascertained from Mr. Keith, the architect, that the floor of the condenser pit is about two feet below mean high water level, so that the only method of draining it will be to cut out a well in one corner into which the drainage could collect, and to place in it a steam syphon with the discharge taken outside the engine house. The steam could be taken from the air pump steam pipe.

There is no "injector." When the engine is stopped it is only possible to feed the boilers with cold water, and as this is highly detrimental, being conducive to leakage, and as injectors are always fitted in a modern plant, I would strongly recommend that one be supplied. Branches could be placed in the feed and steam pipes of the feed pump.

The fire irons are of a humpery character. They ought to be about three times as heavy and better fitted.

I would point out the extremely awkward way the coal has to be taken to the fronts of the boilers, and would suggest that a great saving of time and labor would be effected, if, instead of it being taken through a door at the side, there were a door facing the wharf at the front of the boilers, and also that there were rails running from the wharf to the further end of the boilers with a tipping wagon similar to those used for transporting ore.

There ought to have been over the centre of the shaft and engine shaft extending the full width of the engine room a "traveller," for the purpose of lifting any part that may require examination or removal. This should consist of trussed timbers with rails and trollies with Weston pulleys (say two of each) to lift an aggregate of say five tons.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

D. CARTMEL.

P. S.—I have obtained a blue print of the shafting from Messrs. Hinton & Penny. This shows accurately the position of all parts, and is hereto appended. D. C.

Ald. McMillan moved the adoption of the report and the carrying out of the suggestions. He would not favor the Hamilton company putting up the shafting.

Mr. Cartmel said it was merely a suggestion.

Ald. McMillan said the Hamilton Manufacturing company should put in ejectors at their own cost. Were the pumps and condensers equal to the power required of them at full capacity? He asked that question of Mr. Cartmel.

Ald. Williams said the Hamilton company should have furnished the shafting.

Ald. Partridge thought the council should not accept a bad shaft. It was of an inferior quality.

Ald. Hall said the shaft was of common steel; it was not hammered.

Ald. Wilson wanted a good shaft.

Ald. McLellan advocated the stopping of work until there was more money.

Engineer Cartmel suggested acceptance if the shaft were fixed up as advocated.

Ald. Partridge—Would you call it a perfect shaft?

Engineer Cartmel—No; but it would work well as I suggested.

Ald. Bragg said the question was whether the shaft was up to the specifications.

Ald. McLellan said the specifications called for steel, but did not specify the quality.

Ald. Cameron said the shaft was both common and imperfect, and the council was not obliged to accept it. If the contractors would alter the shaft and make a reduction, then the council should accept it.

Ald. Bragg wanted a copy of the report referring to the line shaft sent to Hinton & Penny, the contractors.

Ald. Hall seconded the motion of Ald. McMillan to accept the report and Hinton & Penny to make good the shaft, either by repairing the present one or substituting another in its stead; the work to be done to the satisfaction of the engineer and to be done at the cost of the contractors.

The motion prevailed.

The electric light committee was empowered to call for tenders for filling up the line shafting and concreting the footings for machinery in accordance with specifications framed by Mr. Cartmel.

Ald. Bragg rose to a question of privilege. He charged Ald. McMillan with misrespresenting him. The dispute was over the Hamilton company tender for electric light shafting. Ald. Bragg wanted Ald. McMillan to take back the assertion that he had voted for the Hamilton company.

Ald. McMillan refused and reiterated the statement.

Ald. Bragg then said the remarks of Ald. McMillan were lies.

Ald. Partridge called upon Ald. Bragg to apologize to the chair. Ald. Bragg refused to apologize, and said he was not to be bulldozed.

City Clerk Dowler looked up the minutes of the meeting.

That did not settle the matter, as the only reference was that the report had been referred to the electric light committee.

Ald. McMillan said Ald. Bragg not only voted but spoke in favor of it. This remark brought Ald. Bragg to his feet again. There was a free exchange of words between the two men, and Mayor Teague declared the meeting at an end.

REAL PEOPLE IN NOVELS.

Many of the Greatest Works of Fiction Characters.

If James McNeill Whistler thinks he is establishing a precedent by objecting to the caricature of himself in Du Maurier's novel, "Trilby," he is very much mistaken. The whole range of literature is replete with instances of living people figuring prominently in fiction, some of whom, be it said, are even more prominent in the world's regard than Mr. Whistler, says the New York World.

Most people will remember the publication of "Cape Cod Folks," which brought on a lawsuit because of too accurate drawing of the characteristics of living people. To go further back, Thackeray was noted for the way in which he used his friends and enemies. Some of his lay figures were offended; others were reverse.

He made fun of Bulwer in the "Yellow Plush Papers," under the name of Bulwig. He drew upon himself the indignation of his Irish friends by calling one of his characters a murderess—Catherine Hayes. Catherine Hayes was a celebrated songstress, hence the objection. His Foker was drawn from Andrew Archdeane, who never pardoned the impersonation. His Portman was the celebrated Dr. Cornish, and even Edmund Yates figured as young Grubstreet in the "Virginians." Thackeray himself said that Costigan, in "The Roundabout Papers" was manufactured from several live persons.

The supposition that Charles Dickens' father was the original of Mr. Micawber is well known, as is also the one that Mrs Nickelby was drawn from the mother of the novelist. Walter Savage Landor and Dickens had a decided misunderstanding because the former recognized himself as Boythorn in "Bleak House." Leigh Hunt also resented the fact that Harold Skimpole was drawn from himself. Even Dickens' biographer, Foster, has figured as a lay figure.

Nathaniel Hawthorne had no end of trouble to convince a constantly increasing race of Pyncheons that the judge of that name in "The House of Seven Gables" was not drawn from a living person. Charlotte Bronte drew living pictures in "Shirley" to such an extent that people recognized and called each other by their new or "novel" names. George Lewis was assumed to be the original of George Elliot's Mr. Casaubon in "Middlemarch."

Dante wrote his enemies in hell and Michael Angelo painted them in. Ibsen was noted for his satires on living persons. Pope actually erased the name of one of his characters and put Colley Cibber's in its place. Byron heavily scored his critics and Bulwer did a like office for Tennyson. Bulwer was rather accomplished in this respect. He satarized the Athenaeum magnates in "Paul Clifford." Even George IV of England was depicted as the keeper of a low den in the same novel.

Tennyson repaid Bulwer his onslaughts both in "A Character" and in "The New Timon and the Poets." Captain Marryat, who wrote such humorous naval stories, notably "Peter Simple," once sent a challenge to Professor Maurice because the latter used his name for a character in "Eustace Conway." Browning scored Wordsworth in "The Lost Leader." He also, at various times in his career, caricatured Cardinal Wiseman, Napoleon III and John Home, the spiritualist. The latter figured as Sludge, the Medium. Even our own Whittier made Daniel Webster figure in one of his compositions.

Mme. de Stael drew Talleyrand's characteristics so pointedly that the portrait was recognized by the French statesman, who resented it in one of his famous mots. When Alfred de Musset and George Sand returned from their escapade into Italy they proceeded to score each other in novels they soon after printed. Mrs. Gore, Mrs. Trollope and Lady Morgan used the personal element repeatedly, while to come up on the real intention of Disraeli's novels requires a key bringing in the names of many prominent people of England.

The authors who can be recognized in their own work are legion. Goldsmith painted himself "The Good-Natured Man." Fielding was the original of Tom Jones, Captain Farquhar was Sir Harry Wildair, Jean Jacques Rousseau depicted himself in "Heloise." Goethe was Werther, Hawthorne can be seen in Miles Cloverdale, while Byron was Childe Harold beyond shadow of doubt.

What is called the "gloomy grand" of literature had great vogue in Byron's time, and he had many imitators of his method of depicting himself. Alfred de Musset has done something of the same thing. Mme. de Stael depicted herself as "Corinne" and "Delphine" and a perfectly recognizable portrait of Thackeray is found in "Pendennis." Dr. Holland was imagined to be the original of the villain of his novel "Bitter Sweet," and it was strongly insisted upon for a while that Amelie Rives Chandler drew herself in the hysterical heroine of "The Quick or the Dead." Charles Reade drew Rolfe from his own character and acknowledged it. Charlotte Bronte was Jean Eyre, and George Elliot was a composite of Romola, Maggie Tulliver and possibly Dorothea.

Of all Sir Walter Scott was the most honest. He tells us in his prefaces just where he obtained his characters, even going so far as to mention the names of the originals. The very latest phase in this element of fiction, barring "Trilby," is "Sherlock Holmes." How Conan Doyle founded the famous detective on a Scotch professor has been told again and again, but it adds further evidence to that already submitted that most great characters of fiction are taken from real, living characters.

THE CURBSTONE BOOKMAKER.

One Species of Harpy that Infests Cities of England.

The street betting man is a member of a fraternity only too numerous in many towns. London, Manchester, Liverpool, Birmingham and Glasgow are his chief haunts, and wherever in the poor quarters of these cities is a low beer house or drinking saloon there also is the street corner betting man. As a rule his customers are clerks earning small salaries, and laborers, mechanics and warehousemen, who, in the vain hope of winning a sovereign, gamble away their few spare coins. Women and children are often the prey of the street betting man.

He begins early in the morning and continues until early in the afternoon. When business is brisk he dresses in the loudest check suit, and a palpable air of the stable hangs about him. He talks about his "pals" among the jockeys and trainers of Newmarket and elsewhere, and has up his sleeve quite a number of good things, which he lets you have—for a consideration. With the workingman who bets the dinner hour gives an excellent opportunity for visiting the bookmaker. They know each other, and a shilling—perhaps more—passes from the workingman's hands to the "bookie's" pocket, the former receiving a written receipt. Perhaps the clerk defers making his bet until he sees the tips of some evening paper. Then he performs the same operation, makes his selection, slips out his shilling, and lays his wager, the bookmaker always demanding cash down. "No credit" is the strictly enforced rule of the street betting man, and he always comes off the best in the bargain. If he is unlucky with his client's money he can easily remove elsewhere. He always takes care that he is not the loser. By careful hedging he easily performs this little matter, and when the day's racing is over he generally finds that he has one or two pounds in hand. It is not surprising to know that he wins far oftener than his client, whose hardly earned wages form a capital sum, which the bookmaker may on his own account place with other "bookies" whom he knows.

One may easily imagine that the street betting man makes a good living during the racing season. One bookmaker in Merrondsey earns from twenty-five shillings to six pounds a day. He is compelled to "make nay while the sun shines," for in the winter months he has nothing to do. Then he is often reduced to desperate straits, and the swell street corner betting man must, perforce, pawn his check suit and earn a few coppers by "touting" and bullying defenceless ladies who decline his services at the cab door.

Many risks surround the work of the street bookmaker. In Glasgow the other day a betting man was arrested in the street redhanded. When searched there were taken from his pocket 115 slips of paper, all bearing names of horses and signatures of the betters. The money found upon him amounted to £21 7s. 5 3-4d., being made up of four half sovereigns, some silver and coppers. He was informed that the proceeds found upon him would be mulcted, and he was fined £10, with the option of taking at his country's expense a rest of sixty days.

Another similar case occurred but recently, when a street betting man was fined £20 and costs—a fine which was paid!—London Million.

Are you tired out, do you have that tired feeling or sick headache? You can be relieved by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mr. Baldy—Am I to apply this hair restorer every day?

Barber—For heaven's sake, no. Do you want to look like the wild man from Borneo inside of a week?—Texas Siftings.

120 ROLLS

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CROSSLEY'S CELEBRATED CARPETS....

Including Brussels, Tapestry and Velvets.

The best we have had yet.

ELEGANT DESIGNS . . .
REFINED COLORINGS . .
And Best Quality for the Money.

WEILER BROS.,

...SOLE AGENTS.

Rescued!

Many have been from the

Horrors of Dyspepsia

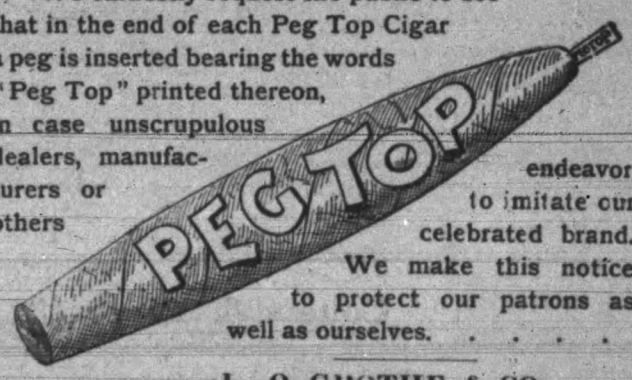
By taking a food that the weakest stomach could digest and thereby gain strength.

Such a Food is

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

Warning to the Public.

We earnestly request the public to see that in the end of each Peg Top Cigar a peg is inserted bearing the words "Peg Top" printed thereon, in case unscrupulous dealers, manufacturers or others endeavor to imitate our celebrated brand. We make this notice to protect our patrons as well as ourselves. . . . .



L. O. GROTHE & CO.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc8-tf

Tenders for Water Meters, Etc.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned (where specifications may be seen) for the supply of Water Meters and a Bicycle for the Victoria Water Works.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on Monday, February 25th, 1895, and the lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JAS. S. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

Water Commissioner's office, Feb. 14, 1895.

Tenders for Fire Hose.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday the 11th day of March next, at 12 o'clock m., for 1,000 ft. cotton fabric hose, rubber lined, 2 1-2 in. in diameter, 3-ply, guaranteed pressure of 350 pounds per square inch, guaranteed for five years against defects in manufacture, coupled, complete with corporation threads.

Sample of hose and couplings to be submitted with tender.

Hose to be delivered free of freight and duty in Victoria.

Payment therefor not to take place before the 2nd day of December, 1895.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

Victoria, B. C., February 12th, 1895.

FOOD FOR THE HUNGRY.

The undersigned desires to call the attention of parties interested to the fact that temporary provision has been made for the relief of those in the city who are suffering from lack of necessary food.

The services of the officers of the Salvation Army, which have kindly been offered free of charge, have been accepted, and arrangements made for the operation of a "Food Depot" in a room at the rear of the Salvation Army Barracks, Broad street.

The depot will be in running order on and after Tuesday the 29th instant.

Breakfast may be had from 9 to 11 a.m., and supper from 4 to 6 p.m., and will be served to those holding tickets which may be procured at the barracks for a nominal sum, or, in absolutely destitute cases, free.

Parties wishing to assist the movement may provide those whom they believe to be needy with tickets or may send in supplies to the depot at any time during the day.

The undersigned would commend the depot to all charitably disposed persons as an object most worthy of their practical support.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 26, 1895.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

For Sale or Rent.

"WINTERBOURNE RISE," the residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5935, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government str.et. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

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Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

W. T. HARDAKER,
AUCTIONEER.
Having leased the theatre and other premises adjoining my Auction Rooms, which gives me by far the largest and best appointed Auction Rooms in the city, I am prepared to handle Real Estate, Live Stock, Furniture and any saleable article to the best advantage. Liberal advances on consignments. Household goods, etc., bought outright for spot cash. Goods stored. All business strictly confidential.
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S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Hotel and nearly three acres of land at Saanichton. Victoria & Sidney railway station adjoins the lot. Well constructed building. Apply to A. Mackenzie, Saanichton, B.C. f.6-12 1m

FOR SALE—Extra fine canary birds at reasonable prices from P. Lange, 88 Douglas street. f11-2m

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Well furnished house, five or six rooms, bath and improvements. Apply E. M. Johnson, 37 Government street. f16-tf

HOW TO ACQUIRE A HOME—Join the Dominion Building & Loan Association and they will help you to buy or build one. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

OKELL & MORRIS are selling 2-lb glass jars of Pure Strawberry Jam for 35c. See your grocer.

ASK YOUR GROCER for 2-lb glass jar of Pure Raspberry Jam put up by Okell & Morris. Only 35c.

CHEAPEST AND BEST JAM in the city is Okell & Morris' 2-lb glass jar for 35c.

OKELL & MORRIS' Jam once tasted will be always eaten.

OKELL & MORRIS hold ten diplomas and two gold medals for purity and excellence of jams.

DELICIOUS HOME MADE BREAD delivered fresh daily, by Domestic Bakery, 50 Broad street. d31-3m

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THE WEEKLY TIMES

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THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

THE GOVERNMENT'S PROBLEM.

Friends of the Dominion government are these days professing much anxiety as to the way in which the Liberals will raise a revenue if they attain to power. It would seem more fitting if they were to exercise their mental powers in devising a method by which the government might raise the necessary revenue, for the present method is showing itself a decided failure. Last year the revenue fell short of meeting the ordinary expenditure by $1,200,000. For the current year there is almost certain to be a deficit of at least $5,000,000, and it is altogether likely that it will reach a much higher figure. For the coming financial year, if the Bowell government remain in power there will also be a heavy deficit, since the importation of goods is sure to be kept down by the depressing effects of the National Policy on the purchasing power of the people. These deficits, it must be remembered, are connected wholly with the ordinary revenue and expenditure; in addition to these are the sums spent on "capital account," or, in other words, borrowed for public works purposes. Both deficits and "capital account" expenditures are now met by borrowing, and in this way the government have increased the public debt since the first of July last by over ten millions of dollars. As the deficits bid fair to continue if Bowell and Foster remain in charge, it seems necessary for them to tell the country what they propose to do to meet them. Will they keep on borrowing money in London to make up for the yearly shortage? If that is there scheme they will in a very brief time load the country with an intolerable burden of debt and will inevitably destroy the public credit. Will they put on fresh taxes, either in the shape of customs duties or imposts of a more direct character? If that is their intention they should take the advice their friends and mouth organs so freely urge on Mr Laurier and give the public all the details of their plan. They can re-impose the duties on tea, coffee and sugar, though that would be rather disagreeable move after all the boasting about these duties having been removed. Maybaip they would prefer to resort to the income tax or a tax upon property, though that would be a hard device for the faithful organs to commend. The government do not care to face a session with the necessity of adopting a method of raising additional revenue, hoping, apparently, that the people will be obtuse enough to render an explanation to them needless. They may find themselves mistaken in their confidence, and we trust that in view of such contingency the faithful organs will turn their attention to the problem which so perplexes their masters.

THE SESSION.

Few people who candidly speak their minds will congratulate the province on the results of the legislative session just closed. During the three months through which it dragged there were of course some few things done in the interest of the public, but there were more things done to the serious detriment of that interest. The house was called early for the avowed purpose of authorizing a loan to fill up the gaping hole in the provincial finances. The loan was authorized; and simultaneously the government proceeded to show that they had learned no lesson in economy from the hard situation in which their past extravagance had landed them. "Soft snaps" for the favorites and a continuation of the general financial carnival make a very fine accompaniment for the loan. To make the music more agreeable to a portion of the public, the obedient majority glibly consented to the proposition that civic corporation rights should be subordinated to those of private speculators. Many amendments were made to many laws, but the fact will hardly have escaped the notice of the public that amending bills supposed to be in the interests of workingmen were introduced with a brave flourish, only to be quietly dropped at a latter stage. The interests of capitalists must be protected, but workingmen can look after their own affairs. Victoria people are told that it was a great and good thing to have the Canada Western charter extended. Would the Victoria vote have gone so enthusiastically for the government at the election time if the electors had then been told that this extension was all they need expect this session? Doubtless the people have already contrasted the promises and the performance for themselves. Mr. Davie is now leaving the political arena, and a new head will have to be chosen for the government. There are many rumors and speculations afloat as to the filling of the position, in the midst of which only one certainty appears, namely that Mr. Davie's departure will weaken the government very seriously.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It would be a bad thing to have the dignity of our courts lowered, but an exhibition of Draconism is much worse. There seems to be some doubt as to whether the prisoner Simpson meant to be impertinent yesterday when he thanked the court for his sentence. Admitting that his act was maliciously offensive, it offered no justification for the addition of three years to his term of imprisonment. Five years for housebreaking and three years for impertinence to the court is a combination of sentences that can hardly commend itself to the ordinary sense of justice.

The letter of Mr. Christensen, of the Norwegian colony at Bella Coola, gives voice to a grievance which should receive the attention of the authorities. It can hardly be expected that people will come to settle in this province with the prospect of finding themselves shut off from the outside world for a considerable portion of the year unless they resort to the use of canoes. To ignore this complaint of the Bella Coola colonists would be a poor way to invite others to follow their example in making British Columbia their home. That these colonists are of the right stamp and that they are not given to trifling complaints is amply shown by the tone of Mr. Christensen's letter.

WAS OF UNSOUND MIND.

Gavin Andrews, Who Committed Suicide, the Victim of his Mind.

Gavin Andrews, a blacksmith, ended his life yesterday morning in his room at the home of Charles Pardoe, 89 Chatham street, by cutting his throat with a razor. The exact hour of the deed is not known, but it was early in the day that Anderson was last heard moving about the room. The door was locked on the inside, and late in the afternoon the family becoming suspicious Mr. Pardoe sought Constables Redgrave and Kavanaugh. The latter broke open the door and found Andrews lying on the floor cold in death. There was a great cut in the throat, and on the floor was a pool of blood. Near the right hand was the razor. A search of the room revealed a number of notes rather strange in their mode of expression and a number of letters from the wife of the dead man, who resides in Winnipeg.

The reason for the suicide, or at least the only probable cause, was given in the evidence of Mr. Pardoe before the coroner's inquest this afternoon. The following sat as a jury: William Jensen, foreman; Harry Berryman, Capt. Voss, Henry Gaydon, Charles Flewin, and W. Godfrey. Mr. Pardoe said that the deceased had a number of delusive ideas about men robbing him and conspiring to rob him and about his wife's coming to the coast. He stated that the deceased had some money, but it was all invested, Constable Redgrave also gave evidence, and the letters found in the room were passed around to the jurymen. Coroner Hasell, in his opening remarks, said the letters should not have been given out for publication. The jury returned a verdict that the deceased committed suicide while of unsound mind.

Andrews had lived here for a few years past, and a part of the time was engaged at the Albion Iron works and part of the time he worked for the corporation. It is said that the deceased was despondent because his wife would not join him here.

—In the police court this morning George Morris, the younger of the boy burglars, was dismissed from custody, and will be sent to his home on Salt Spring island, while Emil Espetum, the elder, who is of age, was convicted and sentenced to sixteen days' imprisonment.

AN OPPOSITION TRIUMPH.

State of Public Opinion Throughout Canada as Estimated by a Traveler.

General Feeling of Unrest—Demand for a "Change" Everywhere Insisted On.

The representative of one of the largest establishments in Ontario, who visits once a year every important city and town from Halifax to Victoria, in conversation with a representative of the Times to-day said that in his opinion Hon. Mr. Laurier would win at the next election. The commercial traveller has exceptional opportunities for learning the drift of public thought, and if he be an observant man, as most of the fraternity are, his prognostications may be accepted with much greater confidence than those of the party leaders or party press, who are necessarily influenced by their environments. The gentleman in question—whose name had we permission to use, would at once command respect—said:

"Down in the Maritime Provinces, there is a feeling of unrest, a demand for a change, and the result is not difficult to foresee. New Brunswick will be carried by the Liberals without any doubt, while the outcome in Nova Scotia may be less favorable to that party. There the forces are more evenly balanced. The struggle may not be a decisive one for either. Quebec will return a big majority for Laurier. Travelling in the cars, I have met many residents, business men and farmers, and the general cry is 'We want a change.' Anything but a continuation of the present state of affairs. In Toronto, a Great Conservative stronghold, the feeling is one of disquietude and unrest. Every Conservative seems impressed with the belief that something extraordinary is going to happen. From Winnipeg to Edmonton the cry is the same—in fact it is in the air everywhere all along the line. Professional men see victory for the opposition, commercial men advocate it and farmers pray for it. The most significant phase of the situation, however, is the general fear, freely given expression to by thousands of honest supporters of the present government, that their party is doomed to defeat. The admission is not made unwillingly, or regretfully, but with a sense of relief and in a hope that a change of administration will bring relief to the country and prosperity to the people. I represent a very large business house, which competes in the American markets. Give us a revenue tariff, or a reciprocal treaty, and with a market of sixty million people added to our own, we will be perfectly satisfied. My family for three generations has been Canadian—my father being a U. E. loyalist—and I am therefore a Canadian through and through. I believe in Canada and have faith in her destiny. Her growth has been retarded in the past by a bad fiscal policy and corrupt administrations. Give our country a chance—change the government, modify the tariff, banish the peddlers, develop the Northwest, construct a railway through the fertile valley of the Saskatchewan and the Yellowhead Pass to the Pacific coast—give equal rights to all and favor no particular class—and Canada will become a great, free, prosperous, happy and contented country."

CLAIM AGAINST A PRINCE.

Victor Napoleon the Defendant in a Peculiar Lawsuit.

Prince Victor Napoleon is the defendant in a strange law suit before a Paris court says the New York Commercial Advertiser. In 1889 his father, Prince Jerome Bonaparte, was crossing from Ostend to Dover on the Comtesse de Flandre, when she was run into by the Princess Henriette. After the collision the prince sent his valet, who had been with him more than thirty years, into the cabin to fetch some of his property, when the steamer's boiler exploded and the valet was mortally wounded. His son brought a suit against the prince on the ground that it was by his order that his father had gone into the place where he was injured, and after Jerome's death his son inherited the law suit. Prince Victor cannot appear in person before the judges, as, being a claimant to the throne, he is forbidden to enter French territory.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

AUCTION SALES

By H. CUTHBERT & CO'Y
The Well-Known Broad Street
AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS AND ASSESSORS.
Cash advanced. Furniture bought for Cash when an auction is not desired.
Offices, Salesrooms and Cattle Yard Broad Street, View Street and Trounce Ave.

At McTAVISH'S NURSERY
SALE OF SURPLUS STOCK,
EVERGREEN and FLOWERING SHRUBS, ETC., ETC.
On MONDAY, FEB. 25, at 2 p m.
TERMS CASH.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & COMPANY,
Leading Auctioneers.

On TUESDAY, FEB. 26th, at 11 a m.
By order of Assignees, Auction of
G. L. SIMPSON'S
Stock of Crockery
Toys, Store Furniture,
Lamps in all Varieties,
Sewing Machines, Bicycles,
Tricycles, Dolls,
And one thousand and one other things too numerous to mention.
TERMS CASH.
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SANDOW'S LATEST RIVAL.

A Human Animal with a Boiler Plate Abdomen and Rope Hair.

Sandow's latest and greatest rival is a man named Ivan Skobel, otherwise known as "Ivan the Terrible," says the Memphis Commercial Appeal: Skobel is only five feet six inches in height, but is all through an immense mass of muscle as hard as lignum vitae. He breaks half inch chains as easily as an ordinary man would snap a piece of twine. He has immense strength in his hair, and if two strong men take him by his locks tightly he will throw them down by shaking his head. He will allow a two hundred pound stone to be smashed with hammers on his head, and will let smiths with sledges, hammers and chisels cut a two hundred pound plate on his chest. Skobel's ox like ribs are remarkable, but the strangest is the construction of his ribs in one bone each across his stomach, which gives his trunk enormous strength. Altogether Skobel is a wonderfully strong man, even in these days of real and alleged strong men. This human anvil with a boiler plate stomach, will probably become rich as a freak, without doing any good in the world, and as for that hair some Delilah will get him and cut it off, and his great strength will be only a past something that lives in memory.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

FOOTBALL.

ASSOCIATION GAME.

The following team will represent the Junior Wanderers (late Fernwoods) against the Y. M. C. A. team at Beacon Hill tomorrow, game starting at 2 o'clock: Wriggleswortb, goal; Pedan, Kinsman, backs; W. Winsby, C. Wilson, A. Boxtable, half backs; H. Shangley, W. Winsby, Sangster, L. Campbell, Goward, forwards.

OLD CONTRIES v. COLONIES.

These rivals again meet to-morrow afternoon at the Caledonia grounds, to fight for supremacy, when another close game is anticipated. Admission will be free. The following are the teams:

Old Country—J. R. G. Butlen, full back; J. F. Foulkes, J. M. Miller, H. Morton, three-quarters; Cuppage, H. Beamish, half backs; H. F. M. Jones (captain), J. Fraser, Q. D. H. Warden, P. Wollaston, W. H. Hanson, J. Earsman, C. J. Vintour, Loveland, Cornwall, forwards.

Colonies—H. Holmes, full back; Williams, Bayne, A. Crease (captain, three-quarters; J. Bryn, F. Smith, F. Ward, half backs; A. Langley, L. Crease, J. H. Austin, J. K. Macrae, A. J. O'Reilly, R. Green, T. Pooley, forwards; F. Higgins, reserve.

ATHLETICS.

RUGBY CLUB MEETING.

It was decided from a special committee from the Victoria Rugby club last evening to hold the field sports planned on April 13. The programme will be as follows:

One hundred yards, quarter mile and half mile handicaps and one mile, open to members of the Victoria Rugby Football club.

Drop kick and place kick, open to all amateurs.

Obstacle race, open to all amateurs.

Throwing the cross bell, open to all comers.

Two hundred and twenty yards handicap, open to school boys.

Eighty yards veterans' race, over 40 years, one yard handicap for every year over 40.

Two hundred and twenty yards, open to Chinamen.

Obstacle race.

Half mile, open to non-commissioned officers and men of Her Majesty's Army and Navy.

Entries can be obtained from the following gentlemen: H. M. M. Jones, H. B. Haines, E. A. Gibson, John Fraser, J. M. Miller, Q. D. H. Warden, J. F. Foulkes and J. K. Macrae.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises,
Chilblains, Sprains,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Hindes' hair curlers at Fox's. *

—A good shave, 10c., 101 Douglas. *

—Insure your plate glass at Mellor's. *

—"No-To-Bac" cures the tobacco habit. Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street. *

—T. C. Devlin has made an assignment to C. F. Todd for the benefit of his creditors.

—Japanese cloth, Japanese crepe, Japanese transparent window shades, at Weller Bros. *

—On Monday evening a meeting of the charitable committee of the Women's Council will be held.

—Dr. Findley, late of Findley & Baker has removed to 61 Government street, over Baker's shoe store. *

—The annual meeting of the Victoria Canoe Club is to be held next Wednesday evening at 30 Broad street.

—The calico ball under the auspices of the Foresters at A. O. U. W. hall on Monday night promises to be one of the best attended dances of the season.

—At the parlor social of the W. C. T. U. yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Captain Grant Mrs. Spofford read a paper by Lady Henry Somerset.

—The board of school trustees will shortly wait upon the members of the government for the purpose of discussing the advisability of having music taught in the public schools.

—On the evening of March 6th the Degree of Honor of the A. O. U. W. will give a social and a dramatic performance at A. O. U. W. hall. It is already being arranged for by a good strong committee.

—The funeral of the late Herbert Reynolds, gunner in the R. M. A., took place yesterday afternoon from the naval hospital, Esquimalt, and was largely attended by men from the army and navy. Services were conducted at St. Paul's church and at the grave by Rev. C. E. Sharpe.

—There is to be a conversazione at the Sunday school room of the Reformed Episcopal church next Thursday evening, for which a programme is now being arranged. These affairs are always well patronized, for good programmes and enjoyable times are the rule, and this one will be no exception.

—The funeral of the late Norman McLeod took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence, Bay street. Services were conducted at the house and grave by the Rev. P. McF. Macleod. The pall bearers were: Maxwell Muir, J. Hepburn, William Munsie, R. H. Jameson, M. Mackee and W. A. Anderson.

—Miss Millie Pickard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pickard, of Leighton road, and Frank N. Borden were married on Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents. The officiating clergyman was Rev. P. H. McEwen, and after the ceremony supper was served. The wedding was attended by a large number of friends of the couple, and all joined in wishing them success.

—When the steamer City of Kingston left here last evening the officers had everything arranged for a presentation to Captain George Roberts. They purchased a very handsome gold locket made by Challoner & Mitchell, manufacturing jewelers, of this city. It is one of the best specimens of the goldsmith's art ever turned out here. In the centre of the face is set a fine diamond and on either side of it a sapphire. On the back is the monogram "G.R." neatly engraved. The members of the crew of the Kingston are very much attached to the captain and regret his departure from the service.

—The Pacific Coast Steamship Company got its axe out yesterday and cut a still larger slice off the rates between its ships and the Farrallon, says the Seattle Post-Intelligencer. Superintendent Johnson announced that the rates on the City of Puebla, which leaves San Francisco on Feb. 24 for this city, will be ten dollars for cabin passage, five dollars for steerage and two dollars per ton freight, and on the Walla Walla, which leaves San Francisco on March 1, the exceptionally low rate of $5 for first class passage, three dollars for steerage and one dollar per ton freight will be charged. These latter rates are by far the lowest that have ever been charged for either passengers or freight between the two ports. The rates on the City of Topeka, which will probably sail for Alaska on February 22, will be $25 for cabin and $10 for steerage to Juneau.

—For prices plate glass see Mellor. *

—Arrived, new wall papers at Mellor's. *

—Gurley's and other catalogues for engineers at Johnston's, Kirk block. *

—Gentlemen—To enjoy easy shaving, get an outfit at Fox's, 78 Government street. Instructions for using and stropping given. *

—A meeting of the Y. M. C. A. lacrosse team will be held to-night to make arrangements for the coming season. All footballers are invited.

—The assault cases of Ah Hon and Ah Hong will come up in the police court in the morning for a further hearing on the preliminary examination.

—Next Wednesday is Ash Wednesday, the opening day of the Lenten period. It will be observed as usual by the Roman Catholic and Anglican churches.

—Ald. Cameron has given notice of his intention to ask leave to introduce a by-law respecting the expenditure of the municipal revenue for the year 1895.

—In No. 1 company Garrison Artillery, is announced the promotion of Corporal W. H. Wilkerson to be sergeant, and of Bombardier F. M. Russell to be corporal.

—The Garrison Artillery parade takes place at Beacon Hill Saturday afternoon and will be continued in the drill shed on the evenings of Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, and the companies will be inspected on drill nights.

—The Canadian militia list has arrived. It is neatly compiled. Geographical tables of the twelve militia districts, names of graduates of the Royal Military college and a list of the staff officers are among the new features of the list.

—Men's Macintosh coats, $2! Yes, $2. And right good coats, too, they are. Better at $2.50. The very best at $5. Smooth effects, sewn seams, separate capes. Were meant to sell at $9 and $10. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—In the police court to-day when the sanitary cases which have been pending for some time were called that against Charles Hayward was withdrawn, the work desired having been done, and those against W. C. White and Joseph Carpenter were continued for a week.

—Joe Fragale, arrested for stealing a pipe from Mike Malocki and a match from Antonio Bonach, was after a hearing in the police court discharged from custody. There was no evidence against Fragale on either count, and the magistrate therefore dismissed the charges.

—Music, Music, Music.—6000 copies of the latest and most popular fine lithograph sheet music, 10 cents a copy. Catalogues free. Finest collection of copyright music, books, instructors and all you can ask for in the music line at T. W. Fletcher's music store, 47 Fort street. *

—Quite a few spectators attended the commanding officers' parade at the drill hall last night. Lieut.-Col. Rawstorne, R.M.A., presented certificates to the noncoms. and gunners who have recently taken a course in the artillery school. The recipients were heartily applauded. It is probable that the graduates of the artillery school will shortly man the guns at the fortifications for practice.

—Major Dupont has resigned the position of managing director of the tramway company in consequence of other important interests requiring his attention that will necessitate his absence for much of the summer from the city. His resignation was accepted with much regret by the board of directors. Mr. Hedley Chapman has been elected managing director in his place.

—The schooner Mary Taylor, Captain Lavender, ran back to port a day or so ago. She was caught in a blow off the cape and put into Neah bay, and then ran up here. She has taken eighty sealskins and reports the weather too severe to do much sealing. She reports seeing the sealer Triumph at work sealing, but did not go close enough to speak her. Seals were not very plentiful. The Taylor will return to the coast at once.

—The Daughters of England social last night was well attended. Mrs. Gladding, who occupied the chair, presented a gold pin to District Deputy Critchley on behalf of the lodge. The following interesting programme was rendered: Piano and violin duet by Mr. and Miss Pierce; recitation, T. Furnival; song, Mr. Eagleton; reading, Mrs. Fernyhough; recitation, Miss McGraw; piano solo, Miss Haughton; song, Mrs. Fernyhough.

—The Hebrew Ladies' Association concert last night was well attended and was a pleasing presentation of choice vocal and instrumental music. Miss Russell entertained with her sweet voice. Madame Laird and Mrs. Peiser sang with effect "Gently Sighs the Breeze." Mr. and Mrs. Clement Rowlands were heard to good advantage, and Mr. Dooley excelled in his comical song "The Latest Out." Miss Styles played selections on the harp and Miss S. T. Smith executed some brilliant selections from Chopin and Rubenstein on the piano. The selection from Virginius recited by Miss Branch won for that young lady deserved plaudits. Mrs. Mesher's whistling solo, "I Love the Merry Merry Sunshine," was received with great approval. Professor Gelder gave an exhibition with Indian clubs. The entertainment concluded with a farce entitled, "Three Jolly Fellows," in which Messrs. Quentin, Agnew and Fox took part. The production was good and evoked enthusiastic merriment.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Sit Now and Avoid Delay

"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skene Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.

WEST COAST TIDINGS.

The Steamer Mischief Arrives in Port With an Interesting Batch of News.

Several of the Mischief's Crew to be Prosecuted for Supplying Indians Liquor.

The Mischief arrived at 7 o'clock this morning from the west coast. Constable McKenna was aboard. He came down to prosecute acharge of supplying whiskey to Indians. The alleged offenders are Charles Thorne, James Hunter and Alexander Begg, members of the crew of the Mischief. Peter, the Indian recipient of the whiskey, and two klootchmen, witnesses, were also brought down. The case will come up in the provincial police court. At Ahousett the schooners Annie C. Moore, Oscar and Hattie, Walter L. Rich and C. D. Rand are still in port looking for Indian crews, and at San Juan are lying, forced thither by a gale, the schooners Mary Taylor, 81 skins; Fisher Maid, 7 skins, and the Anatear, Teresa, Mountain Chief and Labrador, with no skins. The Peachwellis went into San Juan to repair her rudder, damaged in the recent blow. The Mary Taylor sent down her catch of 81 skins by the Mischief.

At Clayoquot the schooners Sapphire and Triumph were towed to sea by the Mischief. On Saturday, the 19th inst., a southeast gale set in, and on Sunday the siwash schooner Puritan came in for shelter with jib burst. She sailed on the 20th. On the 12th word reached Clayoquot that a schooner was in distress at Schooner cove. Ten Clayoquot Indians went down and towed up the siwash schooner Emma Felitz, of Neah bay. She had lost her anchor and rudder in the blow. The Felitz had two seal skins, taken off Cape Flattery. The Clayoquot's salvage claim was settled at the rate of $10 a man.

Bishop Lemmens is at Clayoquot visiting the Indian missions. The Black Diamond and the Dora Sieward are reported having put to sea from Euchulet.

The Mischief has one passenger, J. Robinson, cook of the schooner May Belle, who was put off at Sooke. She brought a large quantity of cordwood from Quatsino.

AUER LIGHT EXHIBITION.

President Granger, of Montreal, Explains the Wonderful Invention.

In response to an invitation several hundred ladies and gentlemen were present at the Victoria theatre last evening to witness the exhibition of the Auer incandescent gas light, the invention of Dr. Carl Auer von Welsbach, of Vienna. Mr. A. O. Granger, president of the Auer light company, of Montreal, delivered an interesting and instructive lecture upon the phenomena of light and explained the Auer light. During the evening two experts, Mr. R. Jones, of the weights and measures department, and Mr. Adams, of the gas works, were placed at the meters, and it was found that where the ordinary gas burner would burn 10 3-10 feet per hour the Auer light would only burn 3 3-10 feet. To show that there was no smoke from the light a plate was placed in the flame and over it for several seconds without a particle of soot being left on it. With ordinary burners the plate was blackened. The Auer light gives a natural light, so that colors are not changed by it at night. This was shown to be the case at the exhibition, colored paper being placed behind the ordinary gas light and the Auer light. Mr. Ayers, of the Imperial studio, took the photographs of the group by the light, and in twenty minutes they were thrown on the curtain by Mr. Shakespeare's stereopticon instrument. The lecture and exhibition were very interesting and satisfactory, the invention undoubtedly being a wonderful one. There are thirty thousand in use in Montreal, and the company have hundreds of recommendations from scientific and other professional men. This evening lights will be placed in the Driard hotel, the Times office and at different places on the main streets.

Quick Time to the East.

The Northern Pacific railroad company has put into effect a new and shorter schedule for eastbound trains, which now leave Seattle at 2 p.m., and Tacoma at 3 p.m., daily, making the run to Chicago in 16 hours less than heretofore. Time to New York, four and a half days. Best schedule ever in effect across the continent. Passenger trains are all now lighted by electricity and heated by steam. For tickets apply to E. E. Blackwood, agent, Adelphi Building. *

Warning to Women.

Ladies who appreciate the high quality of Priestley's dress goods should make it a point to see that Priestley's name is stamped on every five yards. Instances are not unknown where Priestley's trade mark, 'The Varnished Board,' has been used the second time with inferior goods wrapped upon it.

—The greatest facilities in the province offered at Monroe Miller's Bindery for Ruling, Blank Books, Pass Books, Receipt Books, etc. As they have not quite eighty per cent. of the whole private work of the province they have any amount of time on their hands to attend to the wants of their customers. *

LENZ & LEISER,

Wholesale Dry Goods, Clothing Gents' Furnishings, Etc.

We carry the Largest Stock in these lines west of Montreal; and are, therefore, able to compete with any house in the trade.

R. W. WARD HAS OPENED THE Metropolitan Meat Market,

At 161 Fort St., and hopes for a share of your patronage.

'QUICKCURE' FOR Toothache

IT ACTS LIKE MAGIC. Never fails to give INSTANT and in most cases PERMANENT Relief. . . .

Endorsed by Dentists and Physicians as a most important discovery. . . . . .

Sold by Druggists everywhere, with instruments, 25c, and 50c.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

Priestley's Dress Goods

A good name is more potent than thrones and kingdoms. In business a good name is vital. The name of Priestley is a synonym for what is delicate, durable and beautiful in Black Dress Goods. In England it is a household word. Priestley's dress fabrics are worn by the well dressed women of Great Britain, while on this side, they have attained to general favor. Ladies should buy no other black dress goods till they have seen Priestley's. They add to an unequalled durability, a beautiful draping quality. Women of taste understand what that means in the success of a costume. 1

See that the goods you buy are stamped EVERY FIVE YARDS WITH PRIESTLEY'S NAME.
No others are of their manufacture.

DO THE FAIRIES HELP TO MAKE BABY'S OWN SOAP?

IT'S SO NICE!!!

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., Sole Manufacturers, Montreal.

THANKS NOT WANTED.

Justice Crease Punishes a Prisoner Severely for Alleged Impudence. . .

Peter Nelson and John Simpson, who with John Murpay robbed the bonded warehouses at the outer wharf, were convicted in the supreme court late yesterday afternoon, having taken speedy trial before Mr. Justice Crease. His lordship sentenced them to five years' imprisonment each. As the two left the box Simpson said: "Thank you, my lord," and put on his hat.

Mr. Justice Crease immediately ordered the prisoner back to the box and gave him three years in addition for the alleged impudence, making the unfortunate fellow's sentence eight years in all. Simpson did not seem to realize his position until he was being taken from the court again.

The affair created a mild sensation and formed a general topic of conversation on the streets to-day. A Times man who discussed the matter with a large number of people, including several members of the legal profession, heard nothing but severe condemnation expressed. The opinion was expressed by some that Simpson had not intended to be impudent.

Of the trio of burglars Murphy decided to await a jury trial at the assizes and Nelson and Simpson decided to take speedy trial. The evidence was the same as given at the police court in the preliminary hearing and was convincing as to their guilt. H. E. A. Robertson appeared for the crown and the prisoners were undefended.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Mr. Robertson the Possible Candidate for Vancouver District.

Nanaimo, Feb. 22.—The case of Reg. v. McInnes & McInnes was brought up before M. Bate, J. P., yesterday. Mr. Smith, deputy-attorney-general, appeared on behalf of the crown. The evidence was precisely the same as given before the commission. Registrar Stanton, J. P. Planta, Hoskins and Messrs Ross gave their evidence. Magistrate Bate decided to suspend judgment until Monday.

Mr. Robertson, of Salt Spring island, is in the city with a view of taking part in the Liberal nomination this evening. It is understood that he will be one of the candidates nominated, and when explanations are made at the meeting he will in all probability take the nomination.

G. P. Cane, barrister, was married to Statira Katherine, widow of the late D. W. Gordon, M. P., yesterday morning by Rev. Canon Good.

We Carry the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of

Sheet Music AND Books. . . .

In the City. All the latest standard and popular music of the day AT LOWEST PRICES.

THE HEINTZMAN is the best piano in the City.

M. W. WAITT & CO., 64 Government Street

LOUISVILLE RESTAURANT.

Dinner Bill of Fare, 11 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Julienne Soup, Rice with Tomato.
Fried Halibut, Maitre d' Hotel.
Spring Lamb Roast a la Jardiniere.
Fried Calf Brains, a la Colbert.
Spaghetti Milanaise.
Stewed Tripe, Spanish.
Sirloin of Beef, Horseradish.
Roast Spring Lamb, Mint Sauce.
Roast Duck, Apple Sauce.
Stewed Tomatoes, Sweet Corn.
Baked Potatoes.
Vanilla, Custard, Green Apple Pie, Assorted Cakes, Coffee, Tea, Milk, Cheese, Crackers.
Soup, Fish, Two Kinds of Meat, Vegetables, Pudding or Pie, Fruit, Coffee, Tea, or Milk, 25 Cents.

HORSES FED TO SWINE.

The Latest Scheme of Montana Hog Raiser

"I saw in the Times a few days ago where a gentleman from New York, passing through Sioux City, stated to a reporter that the stock men in certain parts of Montana were buying horses to feed to hogs," said John Renner, who recently came from Great Falls, in that state, to a Sioux City Times reporter. "Well, sir, that gentleman evidently knew what he was talking about," continued Mr. Renner, "for he stated the truth. Now, I have lived out in Montana a long time and am personally acquainted with the men who are doing this feeding. They live in Cascade and Chateau counties, and are, by all odds, the heaviest shippers in the state. The conditions which have brought about the existing state of affairs, making it profitable to kill horses by the hundreds and feed them to hogs, are remarkable and without a parallel.

"For a long time horses were raised in Montana almost for the sole purpose of shipping them to the eastern markets, where they were sold to operators of street railways and owners of transfer and dray lines. The very general adoption of electricity as a means of locomotion for street cars in the past two years has entirely knocked the bottom out of the horse business in Montana. In the counties which I have named there were enormous herds of horses running wild. They multiply very fast, and it is not an infrequent sight to see thousands of horses in one band on a hill side. When the shipments east dropped down to zero the horse, as far as his marketable value was concerned, became a despised animal. This was so much the case that owners ceased to brand their stock, and the big annual round-up and branding bee lapsed into a simple matter of tradition. Men became horse poor in the sense that men are described here as being land poor.

"They were situated just this way when the feeding season opened this year, with no corn to feed and a lot of hogs on hand. It was very easy to experiment in feeding horse-flesh to swine, and a few days were sufficient to prove the profit of it. At first there was some little hesitancy among the feeders themselves as to entering into the business on a large scale. Some looked upon the idea of killing good blooded horses and feeding them to hogs as nothing short of brutal, and I heard a Chateau man say one day that it was cannibalistic. But their prejudices were finally overcome by the argument that nearly always wins when the pocket book is touched.

"There was big money in the scheme. When horses in lots of, say one thousand, the horses could be purchased for $3 a head. I have been out at the hog yards and seen them prepare the meat. The horses are shot and then skinned. The hides bring one dollar each and that amounts to considerable revenue. The carcasses then are quartered and boiled in caldrons. The hogs will eat all of the meat that is given to them, they fatten rapidly on the feed and it is the kind of flesh that weighs heavy.

"There might be some reluctance on the part of certain people to eat pork which comes from such hogs, but in nine cases out of ten ignorance will be bliss. After all, horses are the cleanest of all animals and it is only the old-time prejudice that makes the difference. However, as there is no law prohibiting the killing and feeding of man's best friend to hogs, and as the feeders of Montana have found it profitable to do so, the industry will likely continue to thrive."

MINING FOR CEDAR LOGS.

How They Are Dug Up in the Swamp Lands of New Jersey.

The mining of cedar has been an industry in the swamps near Dennesville, N. J., for three quarters of a century. It is the most unique mining in the world. Yet very little publicity has been given to the subject. Now and then paragraphs may have appeared in the papers, but they apparently attracted very little attention.

When one speaks of mining cedar the impression is, usually, that petrified cedar is meant. It is nothing of the sort, says the New York Sun. Ages and ages ago a forest of cedar trees waved its multitudinous branches in the breezes about Cape May. They were superb monarchs of the forest, many of them, and they met their death in some violent manner. They fell prostrate, perhaps, through the agency of some terrible storm, and perhaps through some tremendous earthquake.

At all events they did not rot away, but were laid low in their prime, these stalwart cedars. One theory is that the forest was once of wide extent and that it stood in a lake or swamp of fresh water. "Then," says Dr. Maurice Beasley and Clarence Dening, geologists of long standing, "either the half submerged land on which the forests stood sank lower and the trees collapsed into the lake or the swamp, or else the sea burst the barrier which had separated it from the trees, and rushing down upon them wreaked widespread destruction. Possibly the tumult of the inrushing ocean was sufficient to overturn the gigantic trees by the force of the waves and by the undermining of their roots; but they may have been done to death in a more gradual way—by the destruction of their life at the roots by salt water. Down they all went, however, and into the soft muck in which their roots were embedded, sinking deeper by reason of their tremendous weight. The mold of centuries of leaves closed over them as if they had been babes in the woods, and the festive plesiosaurus and the melancholy pterodactyl knew them no more. After life's fitful fever they slept well, and if trees have any sense of feeling and subtle inner consciousness, the grim old fellows must have thought it all up with them." But it was not so to be.

The resurrection time began away back in the year 1812, when some prosaic South Jerseyman, delving in the earth, hit upon a cedar log and hauled it to the light of day. To the surprise of every one it was found to be in a fine state of preservation. It had been successfully protected from decay by the peculiar qualities of the soil about, one of the strange accidents of nature which set scientists agape now and then. It did not take long for the natives to reason that there might be more logs of the same sort in the vicinity. So they went about plunging an iron rod into the soil. When the iron rod struck something hard, and after they had satisfied themselves that the substance was wood and not stone, they attacked the earth with their shovels, and soon had another cedar laid bare. Practically the same process is pursued to this day, and thousands of feet of excellent timber have been procured since the mining of cedar began.

THE FLYING MAN.

He Will Never Move Through the Air by His Own Energy.

Mr. Hiram Maxim, the inventor of the famous gun which bears his name, is a firm believer in the possibility of so far perfecting flying machines that they may be used in warfare. He has been explaining his views on this subject to a contributor to Cassell's Saturday Journal, who has been to see him at his English residence at Bexley. Mr. Maxim thinks that highly civilized nations, able to make and use first-rate machinery, will in the near future utilize flying machines in their armies. This mode of warfare, he believes, could be carried on in spite of armaments and weapons of war as we understand them now, and if one civilized nation used flying machines in such a way others would be compelled to follow suit. At the same time, he has no faith in navigable balloons, the whole thing being inherently wrong. In France, especially, attempts have been made to navigate balloons, and vast sums of money have been spent up on them; but no balloon has ever been navigated against even a very light wind.

Another point, Mr. Maxim thinks, is this, that man will never be able to fly by energy derived from his own muscles. A man with sufficient energy would have have to have forty pound muscles to his arms and seventy pound muscles to his chest, and he would have to have a breast bone 28 inches deep.

THE ANDES.

An Exciting Ride on the Trans-Andine Railroad.

By 7 a.m. we were at the first inn on the Chile side. We there chartered a four-horse carridge to drive us to the end station (on this side) of the railway, which feat was accomplished in two hours' time. I call it a feat because the road is all along the river cut into the mountain side, and often there is hardly room for four horses abreast to pass; and when I looked out of the window into the roaring river below I often wished I had been on my mule.

"We did the distance between the two end stations in about half the time usually employed, only being on horse back seven hours and two hours in the carriage. At the station we were told that there would be no train to Los Andes till 3 p.m. next day, but we might telegraph for the contractor's engine to take us down, which we did. We had only to pay $20 for it and saved a whole day by doing so.

"At about ten a.m. the engine arrived, and a very flimsy little thing it looked. We were put on a small bench at the back of the boiler, the driver and stoker standing in front. We were soon spinning along through tunnels, over bridges and around curves, on a track of about two feet six inches gauge, at a rate of thirty miles an hour, and it was all that we could do to hold on to the jolting and rattling little machine.

"I don't believe I ever passed a worse half hour, expecting every moment to see the engine leave the track and to be dashed into the river below. Stones on the line which made us all jump off our seats, animals running across the rails, sudden desperate curves round the corners of the rocky cliff—nothing seemed to daunt our driver, and the noise was so great that it was impossible to ask him to slacken down.

"After we had gone half way, however, he lost a kettle overboard and stopped to pick it up, and then I remonstrated with him and told him to slacken speed, as I did not care to risk my life for the sake of getting to Los Andes a few minutes sooner. He said there was no danger, but drove more slowly, and we got into Los Andes an hour and two minutes after mounting this infernal machine, and right glad I was when we drew up alongside the platform with our bodies and luggage safe and sound."—From a letter describing a crossing of the Andes of the Trans-Andine railroad, written to the Blackburn Times.

ECCENTRICITY OF SOUND.

The Audibility of Fog Whistles Not to Be Trusted.

The Hydrographic Office in Washington has recently renewed its warning to seamen not to trust the audibility of fog whistles. One would naturally suppose that a loud and continuous sound could be heard at about equal distances in all directions, in the absence of wind and if no large solid body interposed.

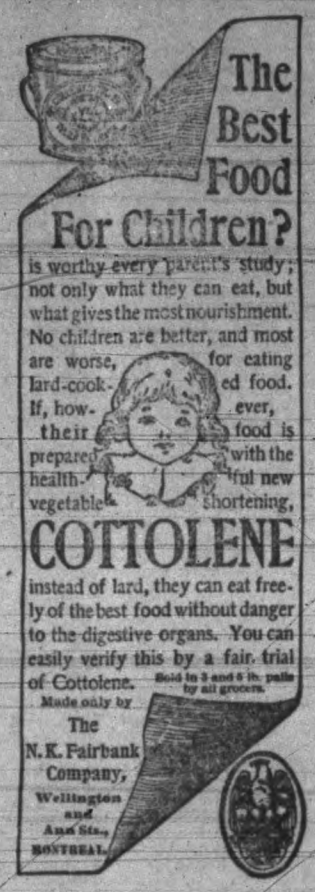
Repeated experiments have shown that this is not true, and that mariners who trust to their ears alone when they are on dangerous coasts guarded by fog signals run great peril. "Sound shadows" are formed within which the ear detects no trace of the signal, although the whistle sound may be perfectly audible on all sides of the "shadow."

Sometimes the cause of a sound shadow can readily be discovered, as, for instance, in the existence of a bluff just behind the whistle. In such cases, says the Youth's Companion, the sound appears to rise and like a cannon ball bounding over the water. In other words, it may be audible at one mile, inaudible at two miles, audible again at three miles, inaudible at four miles, and so on. But the intervals between the audible and in inaudible points may be any other distance, and may also vary irregularly.

Then there are sound shadows the origin of which has not been traced, but which doubtless are due to some peculiar condition of the atmosphere.

One one occasion it was found by the government officers that the audibility of the Beaver Tail fog signal near Newport was exceedingly erratic.

"It could not be heard," the report says, "with the intensity expected nor at the place expected; it would be heard faintly where it ought to be heard loudly, and vice versa; it could not be heard at some points while it could be heard further away; it could be heard and lost and heard and lost again, all within reasonable circuits, and all this while the signal was in full blast and sounding continuously."



WARNING

$100 REWARD

We are informed that unscrupulous dealers are in the habit of selling plugs and parts of plugs of inferior Tobacco, representing them to be the genuine

'T. & B.' Myrtle Navy

The genuine plug is stamped with the letters 'T.&B.' in bronze. Purchasers will confer a favor by looking for the trade mark when purchasing.

A reward of *One Hundred Dollars* will be given to anyone for information leading to the conviction of any person or persons guilty of the above fraudulent practices, or infringing on our trade mark in any manner whatsoever.

The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co. Ltd.
HAMILTON ONT.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED		Victoria Route.			TONNAGE
18 knots		S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			1347
3 30 pm	Lv	M T	...*Victoria...	110 Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	23	P. Townsend	72 Lv	1 20 pm
2 00 am	Lv	62	....Seattle....	23 Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	..*Tacoma..	M T Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B.C

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

Consumption.

The incessant wasting of a consumptive can only be overcome by a powerful concentrated nourishment like Scott's Emulsion. If this wasting is checked and the system is supplied with strength to combat the disease there is hope of recovery.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, does more to cure Consumption than any other known remedy. It is for all Affections of Throat and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and Wasting. *Pamphlet free.*
Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 25.

Taking effect January 1st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the —— and —— of each month at —— o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. H. WEEKS,
General Agent,
No. 72 Government Street.

F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' USE

Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Memory, Dizziness and Sleeplessness caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Sent prepaid. Genuine prepared by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LAWLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. sept

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. (Read up.) No. 1 Pass. Daily	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. (Read Down.) No. 2 Pass. Daily
NOON. Ar. 12:05	Victoria	P.M. Lv. 4.45
12:15	Russells	4.35
12:23	Esquimalt	4.27
12:28	Gorge	4.22
12:31	Burnside	4.19
12:34	Paterson's Bridge	4.16
12:37	Tillicum	4.13
12:40	Gladstone	4.10
12:43	Summit Siding	4.07
12:47	Shawnigan Lake	4.03
12:52	Cobble Hill	3.58
12:57	McPherson's	3.53
1:02	Kokoiah	3.48
1:07	Duncan's	3.43
1:17	Westholme	3.33
1:22	Chemainus	3.28
1:32	Oyster Bay Siding	3.18
1:37	Oyster Bay	3.13
1:45	Nanaimo	3.05
2.15	Wellington	Ar. 2.35

On Saturday and Sunday,

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER

JOAN

W. D. OWEN, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

NO CHANGE

....OF CARS....

FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

RATES

$5 to $10

CHEAPER

THAN VIA ANY OTHER LINE.

For rates and all information apply to

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. and Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

—OR TO—

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B. C.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, March 16th, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa—Thursday, March 7, at 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent.
H. E. CONNON, Agent, Boston Square, Victoria
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

WALLA WALLA, - - FEB. 22

E. P. RITHET & CO. Agents.

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials. Fine Stage, Large Gallery, Absolutely Fireproof, Properly Ventilated, Electric Lights, also Lodge Rooms. Apply Capt J. D. Warren, 3 Trounce avenue.

JUST TO HAND—3 Cases Men's and Boys' Clothing.
PRICES LOW. 4 Cases Underwear and Top Shirts.
B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

BELLA COOLA COLONY.

The Colonists Complain of Having No Mail Facilities.

Bella Coola Colony, Feb. 7.—The colonists have braved the winter in Bella Coola so far very well. The weather has been nice beyond our expectations, and the condition of health among the settlers is very good. Not one of the colonists has been sick to speak of since we arrived here last fall.

The time passes very fast, as we are always kept busy. The sound of the settler's axe is heard from morning till night, echoing and re-echoing from mountain to mountain, as some are chopping logs, some transforming the logs into houses, and others felling big trees both for the purpose of clearing the land and giving the sun a chance to visit our humble homes; and soon the axe, driven with the powerful arm of the sturdy Norwegian, will have wrought a marked change in the wild forests of Bella Coola.

I am sorry to have to relate that besides those that returned last fall four or five more have decided to leave the colony, probably being more timid or not so far sighted as the rest of us.

There is one thing which distresses us very much, and that is our mail service. Our expectations were to get the mail brought at least once a month, but in this we are greatly disappointed, as we have not had a mail since the middle of December, when the steamer Swan visited us. But the mail is not the worst. Depending as we did on monthly transportation means we did not supply ourselves with provisions for the whole winter or any length of time, and now our store is running dangerously low, and had it not been for Mr. Clayton persuading some Indians to go to Bella Coola with a canoe after goods some of us would have suffered.

But the canoe brought no mail for the colonists, and it had no good effect upon those that have been waiting for a boat three months for a message from their dear ones.

We are now getting a canoe to go to Namu in order to hunt for mail and also convey the passengers that are going out.

It is going to be very unpleasant for the colonists if no steamer at regular times shall visit us, as some need to go home and others are coming, and for women and children to travel in a frail canoe for any distance will be out of the question. H. B. CHRISTENSON.

CANADA WESTERN RAILWAY.

Return Showing the Amount Expended in Surveys Last Year.

Hon. Mr. Davie yesterday made a return to an order for a return showing at what point actual construction was commenced on the Canada Western Central, as stated in preamble to bill No. 91, an act respecting the Canadian Western Central railway. What was the nature of the work, and what was the amount of money actually expended in this work? The return follows:

The amount of money expended was $25,500.

The plans of the survey were filed in the registry office on November 1th, 1894, and comprise two sections—one, the Campbell river section, covering the distance from station 0 to 158 the other, the Menzies bay station, covering that from station 0 to 105.

Camp, Duncan's Bay,
30th July, 1894.

This is to certify that the clearing of the right of way for the Canada Western Central railway was commenced on Saturday, 28th inst., on lot 120, Sayward district, Vancouver Island.

(Signed) A. E. MACKAY,
Engineer in charge of work.

Camp, Duncan's Bay,
30th July, 1894.

This is to certify that the grading for the Canada Western Central railway was commenced this morning on lot 139, Sayward district, Vancouver island, and at station 46 of the main line of said railway.

(Signed) A. E. MACKAY,
Engineer in charge of work.

MAIL FOR YUKON.

United States Asked to Establish a Mail Route to the Mines.

Petitions are being circulated in Alaska asking the government to establish a mail route from the coast over the usual line to the mining camps of the Yukon country, says the Seattle Post-Intelligencer. It is proposed to ask the business men of Seattle to endorse the petition, which is as follows:

"To the Honorable the Postmaster-General, Washington, D. C.—Sir: We, the business men of Seattle Wash., respectfully represent that there are at present several hundred men in the interior of Alaska engaged in gold placer mining, mainly scattered along the Yukon river and its tributaries.

"Most of them have gone there during the past year, and the last opportunity afforded them of getting mail from the outside world was the 1st of last September, and then only after travelling a distance of several hundred miles via Behring sea. The first opportunity for receiving mail will be about the 1st of July next.

"We respectfully submit that in their isolated condition, deprived of even the comforts of life, contending with many months of dreary Arctic winter, cut off from every communication with loved ones at home, the general government should extend every reasonable opportunity for conveying mail to them as often as practicable.

"We further represent that there are at present in Juneau 500 or more men waiting for the season to open sufficiently to enable them to make the journey into the interior, and every indication points to a much larger emigration as the season advances.

"We therefore respectfully petition that a monthly mail, for at least six months in the year, be at once established from Juneau or Chilkat, Alaska, to Forty Mile Creek, on the Yukon river, said mail to be carried over the usual and most practical route between the two points named above. And we will ever pray," etc.

NEW MINING COMPANIES.

Two Companies Formed to Work Mines in the Province.

The certificate of registration of the War Eagle Gold Mining Company, foreign, is published in the Gazette. The head office of the company is at Spokane. The objects for which it is established are to work, operate, bond, buy, sell, lease, locate and deal in mines, metals, and mineral properties of every description and kind within the United States and province of British Columbia; to bond, buy, lease and hold ditches and flumes and water rights; to construct, lease, buy, sell and operate mills, concentrators, smelters, reduction works and mining machinery of every description; to buy, bond, lease, sell, build or operate railroads, ferries, tramways, or other means of transportation, for transporting ore and mining materials; to own, bond, buy, sell, lease and locate timber and timber claims, and finally to do everything consistent, proper and requisite for the carrying out of the objects and purposes aforesaid in their fullest and broadest sense. The capital stock of the said company is five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five hundred thousand shares of the par value of one dollar each.

William F. Salsbury, Edward Mahon and Johann Wullfsohn of Vancouver, have applied for the incorporation of the Black Creek hydraulic mining company of Cariboo, limited liability. The objects of the company are to take over and acquire mining leases or mining claims in any part of British Columbia, and in particular nine tracts of 160 acres each, situated on or near Black creek, in the district of Cariboo, in the said province, for which tracts of land application has been made for mining leases, and a mining lease granted on the 15th day of February, 1893, of a tract of land on said Black Creek to the Black Creek Hydraulic Mining Company and to acquire all the rights and interests of all the parties interested in any mining claims on Black creek and Clut creek, and the water privileges in connection therewith, and to pay for the same either in cash or fully paid up shares of the company. The company also asks for the usual powers granted to an incorporated mining company.

BRONZE MIRRORS.

The Fate of Some of Them Owned by the Japanese.

I am in Hakata, the town of the girdle-weavers, which is a very tall town, with fantastic narrow ways full of amazing colors; and I halt in the Street-of-Prayer-to-the-Gods because there is an enormous head of bronze, the head of a Buddah, smiling at me through a gateway. The gateway is of a temple of the Jodo sect; and the head is beautiful.

But there is only the head. What supports it above the pavement of the court is hidden by thousands of metal mirrors heaped up to the chin of the great dreamy face. A placard beside the gateway explains the problem. The mirrors are contributions by women to a colossal seated figure of Buddah, to be thirty-five feet high, including the huge lotus on which it is to be enthroned. And the whole is to be made of bronze mirrors. Hundreds have been already used to cast the head; myriads will be needed to finish the work. Who can venture to assert, in the presence of such an exhibition, that Buddahism is passing away?

Yet I cannot feel delighted at this display, which although gratifying the artistic sense with the promise of a noble statue, shocks it still more by ocular evidence of the immense destruction that the project involves. For Japanese metal mirrors (now being superseded by atrocious cheap looking-glasses of western manufacture) well deserve to be called things of beauty. Nobody unfamiliar with their gracious shapes can know the charm of the Oriental comparison of the moon to a mirror. One side only is polished.

The other is adorned with designs in relief; trees or flowers, birds or animals or insects, landscapes, legends, symbols of good fortune, figures of gods. Such are even the commonest mirrors. But there are many kinds, and some among them are very wonderful, which we call "magic mirrors," because when the reflection of one is thrown upon a screen or wall, you can see, in the disc of light, luminous images of the design upon the back.

Whether there be any magic mirrors in that heap of bronze ex-votos I cannot tell, but there certainly are many beautiful things. And there is no little pathos in the spectacle of that wonderful quaint work thus cast away, and destined soon to vanish utterly. Probably within another decade the making of mirrors of silver and mirrors of bronze will have ceased forever. Seekers of them will then hear, with something more than regret, the story of the fate of these.—L. Hearn in Atlantic.

WORSE THAN DEATH.

Belgium Has a System of Torture That Kills in Three Years.

Though the death penalty was practically abolished in Belgium over thirty years ago the punishment of those convicted of capital crimes is so awful that none has been able to endure it more than three years. Another curious thing is that little Belgium, until recently, had two public executioners, while one was sufficient for her vaster neighbor, France—Diebler, otherwise known as "Monsieur de Paris."

The King of the Belgians recently ordered the retirement on a pension of 1837 francs of the executioner of high works—as he is euphoniously termed—who was stationed at Liege. The executioner at Brussels still holds his place.

The duties of a public executioner in Belgium are singular, but not arduous. The courts still continue to sentence malefactors to death, but the guillotine has been replaced by a scaffold, on which is posted a copy of the sentence. Much ceremony is observed in affixing this document. A troop of gendarmes, with their imposing helmets plumed with horsehair, is drawn up about the place of execution, which they gravely guard with sabers drawn while the red-robed executioner mounts the steps, nails up the decree of the court, and after a moment takes it down again.

But the condemned man might more mercifully have perished by the axe or rope. He is placed in dungeon so constructed that the moment he enters it he will never hear the sound of human voice nor see a living being. His food is passed in through a sliding pannel in the door of his cell.

Not one of these prisoners has been able to survive this confinement more than three years. The authorities have striven in vain to prolong their lives by varying their food as much as possible, but those who are moderately or lightly nourished gradually waste away, while those who are generously fed go mad and die raving maniacs.—New York World.

ENGLAND'S BATTLESHIPS.

The New Gun Which is Mounted on the Latest Vessel.

The ships of the Majestic and Magnificent class, England's latest battleships, are to be armed with a new type of weapon in their main batteries. A new gun mounting has also been designed, and both piece and carriage are now undergoing severe tests. The gun is a 12-inch breech-loading rifle. A service journal says that in it a compromise has been effected between the 16-inch gun of the Centurion and the 13.5 inch gun of the Royal Sovereign class. It can be fired quicker than the lighter weapon, and inflicts greater damage than the heavier, says the New York Times. In the Royal Sovereigns and Admirals the guns have to be brought to a fixed loading station, and the barbette locked before loading can be commenced, but here an alternative central loading system is provided, in addition to the fixed loading station, so that the guns can be loaded at any position of training; and one can be kept pointed at the enemy while the other is being loaded. Every operation, such as training, elevating, loading, etc., can be performed by hand as well as by hydraulic power. The gun is loaded in the run-out position which it takes up after firing, due to the action of the powerful springs which are compressed during recoil, and as the gun runs out after recoil the breech is automatically opened, being again instantly closed, after loading by moving a lever. The loading arrangements are also very novel, and are designed with a view to saving time, for, while in the Royal Sovereign it takes about two and a half minutes to fire a round, in the new gun a minute and a half is sufficient. Made of steel and wire, the gun weighs about 47 tons, and, with the mounting, will be protected by a powerful shield mounted on the turntable, as in the Centurion. Cordite ammunition is to be used, the weight of the charge being about 150 pounds. The probable "life" of the gun has not yet been ascertained, but it is so constructed as to survive by many rounds the 13.5 inch weapon.

You've No Idea

How nicely Hood's Sarsaparilla hits the needs of the people who feel all tired out or run down from any cause. It seems to oil up the whole mechanism of the body so that all moves smoothly and work becomes delight. If you are weak, tired and nervous, Hood's Sarsaparilla is just what you need. Try it.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

Little Gregory—Papa, why do you say that the pen is more powerful than the sword?

Papa—Because you cannot sign checks with a sword.—Revue Anecdotique.

WANTED HELP! Men at Work in every locality (local or traveling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked upon trees, fences and bridges throughout towns and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $75.00 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars, write World Medical Electric Co., London, Ont., Can.

Popular Approval

is accorded ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI. It strengthens digestion wonderfully.

Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you.

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses with perfect ease to wearer than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years fully equal to personal examination by mail. 97 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 194 King St. W., Toronto.
Agents: Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria, B. C.

Good Health

RESULTS FROM USING

PURE TEA

AND OTHER WHOLESOME FOOD

DON'T TAKE "JUST AS GOOD" FOR AN ANSWER

But Insist Upon Getting THE GENUINE MM

LOOK FOR THE STAR ★

And the Name of

M. J. BRANDENSTEIN & CO.

THIS IS THE GENUINE

SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS STORES.

NOTICE!! Some Unscrupulous Grocers may tell you "this is just as good" or "the same as M M ★." It is false. If your Grocer substitutes any other brand in place of M M ★, be honest and send it back.

Bank of British Columbia.

Savings Bank Department.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent) per annum.

GEORGE GILLESPIE,
Manager.

Bank of British Columbia,
Victoria, 18th Nov., 1894.

Simpson, Strickland & Co

DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,

Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders

KINGDON TRADE MARK

SOLE MAKERS OF

Kingdon's Patent Machinery,

—FOR—

STEAM LAUNCHES, ELECTRIC LIGHT and AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE

First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

The materials and the workmanship are the best.

Write for catalogue and price list.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage dated 25th August, 1892, and registered in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, in Charge Book vol. 11, fol. 341 as No. 12274 B., sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received up to 26th February, instant, for the purchase of lot 1, part of lots 71 and 80, Fairfield Farm Estate (map 420) Victoria city. There is a two-story frame dwelling on the property with convenient outbuildings.

The highest approved tender over $1,250 will be accepted.

32 Langley street, Victoria, February, 1895.

DUMBLETON & ELLIOTT,
Solicitors for Mortagee.

f15-td

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice of Assignment.

Re estate of Charles A. Lombard. Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Amendment Act, 1894."

Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Lombard, residing at 56 Collison street in the city of Victoria, B. C., carrying on business at 61 Government street in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style and name of C. A. Lombard & Co., music dealer, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects, which may be seized and sold under execution and all his real estate (except leaseholds) unto William Henry Bone, of 60 Government street in the city of Victoria, and residing at Holgate, Topaz avenue, in the said city, stationer, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard. The said deed was executed by the said parties thereto and the trusts thereby created were accepted and undertaken by the said William Henry Bone on the 14th day of February, 1895.

Creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard are required to send forthwith full particulars of their claims proved by statutory declaration to the said trustee, and all persons indebted to the said Charles A. Lombard are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the said trustee forthwith.

After the 15th day of April, 1895, the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice, and the said trustee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated the 14th day of February, 1895.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria, solicitor for W. H. Bone, trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the above estate will be held at the office of S. Perry Mills, 46 Langley street, on Saturday, the 23rd day of February, 1895, at 11 o'clock a.m.

W. H. BONE, Trustee.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Russell and James McDonald, carrying on business at the City of Victoria, and at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Charles Russell, McDonald & Co., have by deed dated the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, assigned all their and each of their real and personal estate whatsoever and wheresoever to Thomas Trevor Hull, of the said City of Victoria, accountant, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and in proportion to their respective claims and debts and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, and of the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company. The said deed was executed by the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, the assignors, and by the said Thomas Trevor Hull, the assignee, on the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, and the said assignee has undertaken and accepted the trust created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company must forward or deliver full particulars of claim duly verified to the undersigned on or before the 25th day of February, A.D. 1895, and all persons indebted to the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company are requested to pay such indebtedness to the said assignee or to the undersigned forthwith. And notice is also hereby given that after the said 25th day of February, A.D. 1895, the assignee will proceed to distribute the assets amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said assignee shall then have had notice, and that the said assignee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated this 23rd day of January, A.D. 1895.

A. L. BELYEA,
Solicitor for the Assignee, office 4 and 5 Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.

Notice of Assignment

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that John Graham Brown, of No. 45 North Chatham street, Victoria, British Columbia, contractor, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his real and personal estate (save as therein excepted) to John Manson Malcolm, of No. 43 Henry street, in the said city of Victoria, stone mason, in trust, for the benefit of all the creditors of the said John Graham Brown. The said deed was executed by the said parties, and the said John Manson Malcolm accepted the trusts thereunder, on the 14th day of February, 1895. All creditors are required to send full particulars of their claims, proved by affidavit or declaration to the undersigned on or before the 20th day of March, 1895.

Dated this 20th day of February, 1895.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the assignee, 30 Langley street, Victoria.

CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at 50 Langley street, Victoria, B. C., on Monday, the 4th day of March, 1895, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. f21-1m

In the Matter of the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890" and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph C. Devlin, of 234 Simcoe street, Victoria, did by deed dated the 12th of February, 1895, grant and assign his real and personal property unto Charles Fox Todd, of Wharf street, Victoria, and 218 Johnson street, Victoria, merchant, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably or proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin.

All persons having claims against the said Joseph C. Devlin are requested to forward and deliver full particulars thereof, duly verified, to the said trustee on or before the 15th of March, 1895, after which day the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated February 15th, 1895.

C. F. TODD, Trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin will be held in the office of the said C. F. Todd on Wharf street, Victoria, at 3 p.m., on Friday, the 22nd day of February, 1895.

C. F. TODD, Trustee.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Fleuerfelt, Gorge Road.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE OPPOSITIONISTS.

An Enthusiastic Meeting Last Night—A Good Deal of Business Done.

A Resolution Insisting on Cabinet Representation for British Columbia.

The Liberals met last night in Philharmonic Hall, W. A. Robertson in the chair. There was a large attendance and after routine business the work of organization was taken up and fully discussed, the matter being referred to a small committee to report at next meeting. Several resolutions were proposed and carried. Mr. Templeman moved the following:

"Whereas the province of British Columbia has been a member of the Canadian confederation since the year 1871, and during that period of twenty-four years has never been represented in the Dominion cabinet;

And whereas the province is isolated from the centre of population and political influence and remote from the capital, her commercial, agricultural, mining, fishing and lumbering interests—which are possibly superior to those of any other section of Canada in their enormous possibilities—have been retarded, and in many instances seriously injured, by the ignorance of the Ottawa government of local conditions and of the special requirements of these great interests;

Be it therefore resolved that it is the opinion of the Liberal party of Victoria, in meeting assembled, that the policy hitherto observed in the formation of cabinets, whereby the entire representation with the single exception of one member to Manitoba and the Northwest, is taken from the older, smaller, although more populous and more wealthy eastern provinces, is not in the best interests of the Dominion as a whole and ought not to continue.

Resolved, that the undoubted right of British Columbia to cabinet representation be brought to the attention of the Liberal leader (Hon. Mr. Laurier) with the view of doing justice to the province by remedying the evils and removing the discontent engendered by past neglect and misrepresentation, and ensuring in the future fair and equitable treatment at the hands of the government of the Dominion.

The hour being late the mover asked that the question be debated at the next meeting, and on motion of Mr. Marchant the debate was adjourned. The resolution was received with enthusiastic applause. In offering it Mr. Templeman stated that he had been in correspondence with Hon. Mr. Laurier on the question and that he felt sure that before the contest was over he would be in a position to state the leader's views on what he described as the British Columbia plank of the Liberal platform.

STICKNOTH'S CASE.

Trial on the Charge of Setting Fire to His House.

In the speedy trials court to-day before Mr. Justice Walkem, Wilhelm Sticknoth is being tried on a charge of arson. The fire in question took place on the 21st day of January last at No. 50, John street, Victoria West.

William Dick was the first witness, and testified to hearing the rattle of tin cans in the house before the fire and also saw the shadow of three men through the smoke.

Chief Deasy was at the fire, and gave evidence as to the condition of the building when he arrived at the fire. He found that fire had been started in four or five different places in the house and in rooms the windows of which did not open on the street. There were several large empty trunks in the house, and the pictures had been taken out of the frames. The whole place looked as though things had been cleaned out generally for a fire.

Mary Van Volson, a German woman and quondam friend of the prisoner, said Sticknoth told her he set fire to the house by accident. The upsetting of a lamp was the cause. On cross-examination by Mr. Belyea, who appeared for the defence, the witness caused some fun for the crowd by the manner of giving her answers.

At this stage an adjournment was taken until ten a.m. to-morrow, as the crown could not produce the fire policy.

Mr. G. E. Powell appeared for the prosecution.

PERSONAL.

Capt. F. Goodrich, Seattle, is at the Oriental.

John Cunningham, Skeena River, is at the Oriental.

M. King has gone to Nanaimo on a business trip.

Louis R. Leonard, Seattle, is staying at the Victoria.

J. M. Finn and wife returned this morning from the Sound.

S. A. Spencer and son, Alert Bay, arrived by the Rosecwitz last night.

G. H. Davis and S. J. Reamns, Windsor, Ont., are guests at the Victoria.

J. R. Lovell and W. F. Topping came over from the Mainland last night.

P. R. Corran, representing the Morse Soap Works, (John Taylor & Co.) is in the city in the interest of his firm. He stops at the Driard.

Inspector Palmer has returned from the Matsqui where he has been attending meetings of the Horticultural Board at Chilliwack, Mission City and Langley.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—See our new wall papers at Mellor's.

—All members of the Y. M. C. A. interested in lacrosse are invited to a meeting in the association parlors to-night at 7.50 o'clock.

—Another shipment of Crossley's carpets just arrived. You should see these goods, they take the cake for quality, design and color. Weiler Bros.

—A special feature of the programme for the popular concert at the Y. M. C. A. next Saturday night will be selections by the mandolin and guitar club.

—In the provincial police court Charles Thorn, Joseph Hunter and Alexander Begg were each fined $100 and costs or six months in jail for supplying liquor to Indians.

—When the bark Melrose came into Esquimalt yesterday morning she was leaking quite badly, having sprung a leak outside. The repairs will include a stoppage of that.

—At Beacon Hill on Saturday will be played a match between the Y. M. C. A. and the junior Wanderers football teams and the team of the Y. M. C. A. will be: Goal, Mossford; backs, Knott and Fowkes; half backs, Scott, W. Lorimer and T. Cusack; forwards, W. Allan, Bland, J. W. Lorimer, Erskine and Booth.

—Bodie Davis, of Seattle, who spent a few months here last fall, is under arrest for stealing a big diamond from a woman known as Camille. They formerly lived together, and he took two of her diamonds to wear and failed to return one of them. The woman, who is worth $40,000, had her will made in Bodie's favor, but after he took the diamond she burned the will.

—At the sixth of the series of free concerts at Temperance hall to-morrow night Miss Anderson and J. G. Brown will sing, Miss Brown will play a violin solo and Rev. Thomas Baldwin will give an address. There will also be some other interesting numbers. These concerts are given under the auspices of the I. O. G. T. lodges of the city and are very popular.

—Triumph lodge, No. 16, I. O. G. T., held their regular weekly meeting in Blue Ribbon hall, Esquimalt, last evening, when a very enjoyable time was spent. The programme was "pound night," the pounds being sold by auction under the direction of Mr. Staples. The bidding was enthusiastically participated in by the large number present. A free concert will be held in Temperance hall, Pandora street, on Saturday evening.

—The Barbara Boscowitz arrived in port from the north at 7 o'clock last night. She had on board a number of passengers and the usual quantity of freight. John Cunningham, John Drew and J. Clayton were among the passengers. Mr. Drew, it is said, has come south to take part in a very interesting event, in which he will be one of the principals. The passengers are: H. M. Price, S. Clayton, S. Spencer, W. T. Monatt, J. Ross, J. Cunningham, J. Rood, S. Hilde, Carl O. Elg, S. Goodwin and J. Woolacott.

—Judging from the last rehearsals the concert to be given by the Euphonic orchestral society in Institute hall next Monday night will be a good one. There will be several novelties for Victoria, including a cornet solo by a lady, with orchestral accompaniment. The object of the concert is a charitable one, to provide food for the hungry, which should commend it to all. It is under the patronage of His Honor Lieut.-Governor Dewdney and His Worship Mayor Teague. The programme will be as follows, and owing to its length the concert will commence sharply at eight o'clock:

Overture—"Figaro" .....Mozart
Orchestra.
Son.—"Children Home" .....Cowan
Mr. P. Gordon.
Cornet Solo—"Polacca" .....Hartmann
Miss B. Rochon (with orchestral accompaniment.
Song—"The Flower Girl" .....Bertignani
Miss A. Dolan.
Selection—"Scotch Airs" .....Voltt
Song—"Island of Dreams" .....Adams
Mr. Clement Rowlands.
(With orchestral accompaniment.
Symphony—"Adagio and Allegro No. 2 in D" .....Haydn
Orchestra.
Song—"Sunshine and Rain" ....Blumenthal
Mrs. Clement Rowlands.
Selection—"Faust" .....Gounod
Orchestra.
March—"Wedding" .....Mendelssohn
Orchestra.
Song—"Jessie's Dream" .....Blockley
Mr. P. Gordon.
Song—"Snow in Years" .....Klein
Mrs. Clement Rowlands.
Violincello Solo—"Cavatina" .....Raff
Mr. E. Rochon.
Song—"The Sentinel am I" .....Wilson
Mr. Clement Rowlands.
Selection—"Irish Airs" .....Voltt
Orchestra.
Song—"Visions of Old Folks" .....Stults
Miss A. Dolan.
Waltz—"Home" .....G. Crowe
Orchestra.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

—A Victorian wishing to take advantage of the cut in passenger rates between Seattle and San Francisco went to the sound a few days ago to purchase a ticket. He found when he went there, however, that the rates had not been cut for the trip of the Walla Walla, which leaves this evening. The gentleman feels that he has a grievance, as he was given to understand that he would secure a cheap rate by going to the sound. It should be understood that the company only cut rates on those boats which leave on or about the same dates as the opposition boat.

—The members of the legislature and others were entertained last evening by Hon. Mr. Davie.

—The Ideal Provision Store, finding its quarters on Fort street too cramped to meet the needs of a growing business, has removed to the Wilson block.

Law Intelligence.

Mr. Justce Walkem in the supreme court chambers this morning made an order in the Bank of Montreal v. Henry Croft allowing the plaintiffs liberty to sign judgment against the defendant for $14,684.43 and costs. Crease (Bodwell & Irving) for plaintiffs.

Mr. Justice Crease is to-day hearing the admiralty case of Heater et al. v. Robert Ward & Co., limited. The plaintiffs are William Heater, Charles Kiel and George Butt, who shipped last summer as sealers on the sealing schooner W. P. Hall, and they claim in all $900 as balance due them for wages. According to the plaintiffs they were discharged in October last at Yokohama and were given by the master of the schooner orders for their wages on the defendants, who refused to pay them. The defendants set up that they were only agents for the schooner, which is in debt to them. They also deny the court's jurisdiction to deal with the question of the orders. It is said the schooner has been sold in Yokohama by the seamen for wages. Mr. J. P. Walls appears for the plaintiffs and Mr. P. AE. irving for defendants.

TO MAKE POWDER PUFFS.

Thousands of Young Swans Sacrificed to Fashion's Demand.

A new count in the indictment against woman in the matter of her craving for plumage ornamentation is found in the way in which, it is said, the needs of her dressing table are supplied. An English journal warns the London ladies that their powder puffs, those airy necessities of the toilet, are heavy with the blood of slaughtered innocents. It is stated that as many as twenty thousand young swan—cygnets, as they are called—are killed every year to supply this dainty fluff, to say nothing of the innumerable young birds of the eider duck and wild goose variety. The bulk of these are imported—the swan and geese from the islands of the Baltic and from Norway and Sweden, and the eiders from the northern and arctic ice-bound seas. One cygnet will make nearly a dozen average-sized "puffs," which show how many women must be, to a greater or less extent, addicted to the use of powder.

HE WANTED BLOOD.

The Sanguinary Dish Set Before Chauncey M. Depew When Last in Paris.

When Chauncey M. Depew was last in Paris he was taken to visit some of the places made famous by the revolution. He stood upon the site of the Bastile and recalled the exciting scenes connected with the fall of that prison. He visited the Place de la Publique and called to mind the rhythmic swish-swash of the guillotine as it sliced off heads with expedition and dispatch. He saw the place where bleeding bodies were thrown in heaps during the Reign of Terror and he thought of peaceful Robespierre, Marat and Mirabeau.

Then thoroughly saturated with the spirit of the Revolution, Mr. Depew visited a restaurant that is famous in the annals of that time. Sitting down at a table where the proceedings of the Jacobin club had been daily discussed Mr. Depew prepared to eat. He was excited by what he had seen.

"What will Monsieur have?" said a waiter.

"Give me blood!" said Mr. Depew. "I must have blood!"

The waiter withdrew, and shortly afterward a sanguinary scene was witnessed in the room where Mr. Depew was seated. A huge metal compress resembling the guillotine was brought in, together with a duck hot from the oven. Into this guillotine the duck was forced. Then three waiters took hold of the wheel at the top and as they began to turn it the crunching of bones could be heard. The duck was squeezed relentlessly, and from a spout in the bottom of the machine a thick, warm stream of steaming blood spurted into a basin. This, with the jelly into which the duck had been squeezed, was served up for the delectation of Mr. Depew, and, looking out upon the scenes of the Reign of Terror, he enjoyed the meal.

There is such a machine in this city, says the New York World, and it is frequently used to enhance the relish of a canvasback duck. It is in the restaurant of the Hotel Martin, on University place. It is all silver-plated, and when not in use it stands on one of the window-sills, where it looks like a letter-press such as is used in every office.

It takes three powerful waiters to work this guillotine, and when you are hungry, with a cold bottle and a hot bird in front of you, it is a pleasure to witness the process. After the breast has been removed from the canvasback the carcass is put into the machine, and then the squeezing process begins.

Skeleton and bones, with the flesh that remains, are crushed to a jelly, and the essence and rich savory juices of the bird are extracted in the form of a gravy, which runs out at the bottom and falls into a cup. This is then poured over the slices of breast. The custom is a French one, and it adds to the piquancy of a dinner and to the satisfaction of the gourmet.

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The Largest Manufacturers of
PURE, HIGH GRADE
COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES
On this Continent, have received
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Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations.
Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

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MEN'S SUITS—
Former price $25 . . . now $18
" 20 . . . now 14
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Carries a first-class stock of Merchant Tailoring Goods which he makes up in the latest styes at the most reasonable prices. First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made up of your own goods from $10 and upward. Note the address: Cor. Broad and View Streets, opposite Driard.

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Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound.—A D Blowes, J M Finn, Mrs Finn, D Burnett.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—D O'Sullivan and wife, L T Rogers, G H Dodds, J J Reaume, Wm Bryce, F Williams, W H Kendal, four steerage.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound.—H C Beeton & Co, R B Oxley, Hall Ross & Co.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—A W Lumbdeen, J W Andrey-jewski, Bk of B. C., Chas Martin, G Bevilokay, G Balcomell, G R Raymond, J Young, McMillan & Son, Jules Jeddin, Baker, Crawford & Co, Beatty & Hall, Winch & Bowen, Wells Fargo & Co, P McQuade & Son, P W Dempster, Q M L, R Baker & Son, R P Rithet & Co, R H Jaeson, Rendall & Hay, Shallcross M & Co, S Leiser, Sweesters Candy factory, Thos Shotbolt, Thos W Fletcher, Yten Chong Lung, Wilson Bros, Wm Powell, Wm Mobb, A McGregor & Son, Brackman & Ker Milling Co C Braund & Co, D H Ross & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, Gam Fook Yuen, H Bluth, Hudson Bay Co, H J Brady, Hinton & Penny, Harleigh & Johnson, J & A Clearihue, Jas Crawford, Lang & Co, N Berger, Province Publishing Co.

Card of Thanks.

To Mr. Beaumont Boggs, Agent Eastern Assurance Company of Canada:

"Dear Sir,—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your cheque for settlement of my claim against your Company, and to express my appreciation of the prompt manner in which you have paid the same. Yours truly,
f21-1t L. M. FLOWERS.

SEALED TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned up to the 1st of March next for supplying the City Schools with fire wood. Forms of tender and further particulars may be obtained at 46 Fort street.

R. WILLIAMS,
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WELLINGTON COAL
$6.50 PER TON
SWINERTON & ODDY,
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TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 3 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

Calendars! Calendars! Calendars!

Finest Selection in the City. Ten Varieties.

One given with every pair of boots.

Glad to show visitors the quality of our stock.

Cheap lot of Ladies' Shoes to hand. Ladies' Buttoned Boots (sample fours) are fine goods.

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Old Country Boot Store,
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From 12 to 2 with glass of beer or claret, 40 cents.
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Dominion Line, Vancouver	March 9
Dominion Line, Oregon	March 23
Dominion Line, Labrador	April 6

From New York.

Cunard Line, Etruria	March 2
Cunard Line, Aurania	March 9
American Line, New York	March 6
American Line, Berlin	March 13
White Star Line, Britannic	March 6
White Star Line, Majestic	March 13
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North German Lloyd, Trave	March 9
Anchor Line, Anchoria	March 2
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